E.M.G. YADAVA WOMEN'S COLLEGE, MADURAI – 625 014.

(An Autonomous Institution – Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University)
Re-accredited (3rd Cycle) with Grade A+ & CGPA 3.51 by NAAC

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS



TANSCHE-CBCS with OBE

MASTER OF SCIENCE

PROGRAMME CODE - PP

COURSE STRUCTURE

(w.e.f. 2023 – 2023 Batch onwards)



E.M.G. YADAVA WOMEN'S COLLEGE, MADURAI $-625\ 014$.

(An Autonomous Institution – Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University)
Re-accredited (3rd Cycle) with Grade A+ & CGPA 3.51 by NAAC

CRITERION - I

1.2.2 Details of Programmes offered through Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) / Elective Course System

Syllabus copies with highlights of contents focusing on Elective Course System



To be Noted:

HIGHLIGHTED	COURSE
	Elective

E.M.G.YADAVA WOMEN'S COLLEGE, MADURAI-14.

(An Autonomous Institution – Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University) Re-accredited (3^{rd} Cycle) with Grade A^+ and CGPA 3.51 by NAAC

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS- PG TANSCHE – CBCS WITH OBE

(w.e.f. 2023 - 2024 onwards)

VISION

To enhance the knowledge of physics in teaching and research through holistic education

MISSION

- ✓ Imparting quality education both in theoretical as well as experimental physics
- ✓ Providing students with rigorous and comprehensive courses that allow them to perform at a high level
- ✓ Striving for excellence in performance based teaching and research

Programme Educational Objectives(PEOs) M.Sc.,

S.No	On completion of the programme ,the student will be able to
PEO1	To Specialize knowledge and expertise to identify formulate, analyze
	and implement on the problems.
PEO2	To pursue higher studies in related fields of physics
PEO3	To enhance leadership quality to handle all kind of circumstances in
	diverse interdisciplinary learning environment
PEO4	To achieve successful employability in private/Government institutions
	or as on entrepreneur
PEO5	To inculcate the sense of ethics and effective communication skills

Programme Outcomes (POs) with Graduate Attributes

S.No	Graduate Attributes	On completion of the programme ,the student will be				
		able to				
PO1	Knowledge base	Exploration of knowledge and skills in their respective				
		disciplines				
PO2	Problem Analysis and	Acquire knowledge to analyze and solve problems to				
	Investigation	their respective field				
PO3	Communication skills	Ability to carry out advance tasks and project				
	and design	successfully				
PO4	Individual and Team	Adequate project training, research activities in relevant				
	work	skill sector and creating employable abilities				
PO5	Professionalism, Ethics	Developing socio economic ethics executing their				
	and Equality	actions in all their decisions				
PO6	Lifelong learning	Lifelong independent and reflective learning skills in				
		their career.				

Programme Specific Outcomes (POs) with Graduate Attributes

S.No	Graduate Attributes	On completion of the programme ,the student will be					
		able to					
PSO1	Knowledge base	Develop experimental and data analysis skills through					
		laboratory experiments					
PSO2	Problem Analysis and	Recognize the importance of mathematical approaches					
	Investigation	and computing to describe the concept of physics					
PSO3	Communication skills and design	Acquire subject knowledge and caliber sought by					
		industry and education field					
PSO4	Individual and Team work	Perform independent and group activities of projects to					
		experience the aspects of research and to develop their					
		presentation					
PSO5	Professionalism, Ethics and	Applying professional ethics contributing society to					
	Equality	develop equity					
PSO6	Lifelong learning	Recognizing the need and lifelong learning to solve real					
		life problems					

Eligibility for Admission: Pass in B.Sc., Physics

Duration of the Course:

The students shall undergo prescribed courses of study for the period of two academic years under CBCS semester pattern with Outcome Based Education.

Medium of Instruction: English

System: TANSCHE - Choice Based Credit System with Outcome Based Education.

Nature of the Course

Courses are classified according to the following nature

- 1. Knowledge & Skill
- 2. Employability Oriented
- 3. Entrepreneurship Oriented

Outcome Based Education (OBE) & Assessment

Students understanding must be built on and assessed for wide range of learning activities, which includes different approaches and are classified along several bases, such as

1. Based on purpose:

- Formative (Internal tests, Assignment, Seminar, Quiz, Documentation, Case lets, ICT based Assignment, Mini Projects administered during the learning process)
- Summative (Evaluation of students learning at the end of instructional unit)

2. Based on Domain knowledge: (Post Graduate Up to K5 Levels)

• Assessment through K1, K2, K3, K4 & K5

E.M.G.YADAVA WOMEN'S COLLEGE, MADURAI-14.

(An Autonomous Institution – Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University) Re-accredited (3rd Cycle) with Grade A⁺ and CGPA 3.51 by NAAC

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS- PG TANSCHE – CBCS WITH OBE

(w.e.f. 2023 - 2024 onwards)

EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment Test (CIA) : 25 Marks

Summative Examination : 75 Marks

Total : 100 Marks

CIA-Continuous Internal Assessment: 25 Marks

Components	Marks
Test (Average of two tests)	12
(Conduct for 120 marks and converted into 12 marks)	
Creative Assignment	3
Assignment	5
Seminar	5
Total	25

- Centralized system of Internal Assessment Tests
- There will be a two Internal Assessment Tests
- Duration of Internal Assessment Test I and II will be 2 1/2 hours.
- Students shall write retest on the genuine grounds if they are absent in either Test I & Test II with the approval of Head of the Department.

Question Paper Pattern for Continuous Internal Assessment Test I and Test II

Section	Marks
A – Multiple Choice Questions (8x1Mark)	8
B – Short Answer (6 x 2 Marks)	12
C – Either Or type (4/8 x 5 Marks)	20
D – Open Choice type (2/4 x 10 Marks)	20
Total	60

Conducted for 120 marks and converted into 15 marks

Question Paper Pattern for Summative Examination

Section	Marks
A – Multiple Choice Questions without choice (10x 1Mark)	10
B – Short Answer Questions without choice (5 x 2 Marks)	10
C – Either Or type (5/10 X 5Marks)	25
D – Open Choice type(3out of 5 X 10Marks)	30
Total	75

- In respect of external examinations passing minimum is **45%** for Post Graduate Courses and in total, aggregate of **50%**.
- Latest amendments and revisions as per UGC and TANSCHE Norms are taken into consideration in curriculum preparation.

Distribution of Marks in % with K levels CIA I, II & External Assessment

Blooms Taxonomy	Internal A	External Assessment	
	I	II	
Knowledge (K1	8 %	8 %	5 %
Understanding (K2)	8 %	8 %	14 %
Apply (K3)	24 %	24 %	27%
Analyze (K4)	30 %	30 %	27%
Evaluate (K5)	30%	30%	27%

BLUEPRINT FOR INTERNALASSESSMENT-I

Articulation Mapping –K Levels with Course Learning Outcomes(CLOs)

			Se	ection A	Section B		Section C	Section D	
SI.No	CLOs	K-Level		MCQs Short Answers (No Choice) (No Choice)		(Either or Type)	(Open Choice)	Total	
		X	No. of Questions	K-Level	No. of Questions	K-Level			
1	CLO1	Upto	1	K1	1	K1	1(K3)	1(K4)	
		K5	2	K2	1	K3	1(K5)		
2	CLO2	Upto	2	K1	1	K1	1(K3)	1(K4)	
		K5	1	K2	1	K2	(Each set of questions must be in the same level)	1(K5)	
3.	CLO3	Upto	1	K1	1	K2	1(K4)	1(K5)	
		K5	1	K2	1	К3			
No. o	f Question	s to be	8		6		8	4	26
	f Question swered	is to	8		6		4	2	20
Mark quest	s for each		1		2		5	10	
Total section	Marks for on	each	8		12		40	40	100

BLUEPRINT FOR INTERNALASSESSMENT-II

Articulation Mapping –K Levels with Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)

			Section	on A	Section	on B	Section C	Section D	
		/el	MCQs (No Choice)		Short Answ	ers	(Either or Type)	(Open	
	Š	K-Level			(No Choice)			Choice)	
SI.No	CLOs	×	No. of	K-Level	No. of	K-Level			Total
			Questions		Questions				
1	CLO3	UptoK5	1	K1	1	K1	1(K3)	1(K4)	
			2	K2	1	К3	1(K5)		
2	CLO4	UptoK5	2	K1	1	K1	1(K3)	1(K4)	
			1	K2	1	K2	(Each set of	1(K5)	
							questions must be		
							in		
							The same level)		
3.	CLO5	Upto K5	1	K1	1	K2	1(K4)	1(K5)	
			1	K2	1	К3			
No. c	of Question	s to be asked	8		6		8	4	26
No. c	of Question	s to	8		6		4	2	20
Be ar	nswered								
Mark	Marks for each question		1		2		5	10	
Total	Marks for	each section	8		12		40	40	100

Distribution of Marks with choice K Levels CIA - I CIA and II-CIA

	K Levels	Section- A	Section -B	Section- C	Section-D	Total Marks	% of
CIA	Leveis	MCQ (No choice)	(Short Answer (No choice))	(Either or Type)	(Open Choice)	Total Walks	Marks
	K1	4	4			8	8
I	K2	4	4			8	8
	К3		4	20		24	24
	K4			10	20	30	30
	K5			10	20	30	30
	Marks	8	12	40	40	100	100
	K1	4	4			8	8
	K2	4	4			8	8
II	К3		4	20		24	24
	K4			10	20	30	30
	K5			10		30	30
					20		
	Marks	8	12	40	40	100	100

Articulation Mapping –K Levels with Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) for Internal Assessment (SEC)

			Sectio	n A	Section	n B	Section C	Section D	Total
No.	so	K-Level	MCQs (No choice)		Short Answers (No choice)		(Either/ or Type)	(open choice)	1
Sl.No	CLOs	K-I	No. of Questions	K- Level	No. of Questions	K- Level	- J.P.O.		
1	CLO1	Upto K4	2	K1			2(K3&K3)	1(K3)	
2	CLO2	Upto K4	2	K1			2(K3&K3)	1(K4)	
3	CLO3	Upto K4			2	K2	2(K4&K4)	1(K4)	
4	CLO4	Upto K5			2	K2	2(K5&K5)	1(K5)	
5	CLO5	Upto K5			2	K2		1(K5)	
No ask	of Questi ed	ons to be	4		3		8	5	20
	. of Questi wered	ons to be	4		3		4	2	13
Ma	rks for eac	h questions	1		2		5	10	
	tal Marks f tion	or each	4		6		20	20	50 (Marks)

Distribution of Section-wise Marks with K Levels for Internal Assessment (SEC)

K Levels	Section A (MCQ'S) (No choice)	Section B(Short Answer) (No choice)	Section C(Either or Type)	Section D (Open Choice)	Total Marks	% of Marks
K1	4				4	4
K2		6			6	6
К3			20	10	30	30
K4			10	20	30	30
K5			10	20	30	30
Total Marks	4	6	40	50	100	

- K1-Rememberingandrecallingfactswithspecificanswers.
- K2- Basic understanding off acts and stating main ideas with general answers.
- K3-Application oriented Solving Problems, Justifying the statement and deriving inferences
- K4- Examining, analyzing, presentation and make inferences with evidences.
- K5-Evaluating, making Judgments based on criteria

Articulation Mapping -K Levels with Course Learning Outcomes(CLOs) for External Assessment

Sl.No	CLOs	Section A Section B MCQs Short Answers (No choice) (No choice)		swers	Section C (Either/orT ype)	Section D (open choice)	Total		
			No. of	K-	No. of K-				
			Questions	Level	Questions	Level			
1	CLO1	Upto K4	2	K1&K2	1	K1	2(K2&K2)	1(K3)	
2	CLO2	Upto K4	2	K1&K2	1	K2	2(K3&K3)	1(K4)	
3	CLO3	Upto K4	2	K1&K2	1	К3	2(K3&K3)	1(K4)	
4	CLO4	Upto K5	2	K1&K2	1	K4	2(K4 &K4)	1(K5)	
5	CLO5	Upto K5	2	K1&K2	1	K5	2(K5 &K5)	1(K5)	
No. c	of Questions	to be asked	10		5		10	5	30
No. c	of Questions	to be	10		5		5	3	23
answered									
Marks for each question		1		2		5	10		
Total	Marks for e	each section	10		10		25	30	75 (Marks)

Distribution of Section-wise Marks with K Levels for External Assessment

K Levels	Section A (MCQ'S) (No choice)	Section B (Short Answer) (No choice)	Section C (Either or Type)	Section D (Open Choice)	Total Marks	% of Marks
K1	5	2	-	-	7	5
K2	5	2	10	-	17	14
К3	-	2	20	10	32	27
K4	-	2	10	20	32	27
K5	-	2	10	20	32	27
Total Marks	10	10	50	50	120	100

- K1-Remembering and recalling facts with specific answers.
- K2- Basic understanding of facts and stating main ideas with general answers.
- K3-Application Oriented Solving Problems, Justifying the statement and deriving inferences
- K4- Examining, analyzing, presentation and make inferences with evidences.
- K5-Evaluating, making Judgments based on criteria

E.M.G.YADAVA WOMEN'S COLLEGE, MADURAI-14.

(An Autonomous Institution – Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University) Re-accredited (3^{rd} Cycle) with Grade A^+ and CGPA 3.51 by NAAC

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS-PG

TANSCHE - CBCS WITH OBE

(w.e.f. 2023 - 2024 onwards)

M.Sc PHYSICS

COURSE STRUCTURE-SEMESTER WISE

				eek)		N	Iarks al	lotted	
Sem	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Teaching hrs (Per week)	Exam duration (hrs)	C.A	S.E	Total	Credits
	CORE	23OPPH11	Mathematical Physics	7	3	25	75	100	5
	CORE	23OPPH12	Classical Mechanics and Relativity	7	3	25	75	100	5
I	CORE	23OPPH1P	Practical-I	6	3	40	60	100	4
	DSEC		DSEC-I	5	3	25	75	100	3
	DSEC		DSEC-II	5	3	25	75	100	3
	CORE	23OPPH21	Statistical Mechanics	6	3	25	75	100	5
	CORE	23OPPH22	Quantum mechanics-I	6	3	25	75	100	5
II	CORE	23OPPH2P	Practical-II	6	3	40	60	100	4
11	DSEC		DSEC-III	5	3	25	75	100	3
	DSEC		DSEC-IV	5	3	25	75	100	3
	SEC	23OPPHSEC21	Microprocessor 8085 and Microcontroller 8051	2	3	25	75	100	2

DSEC-Discipline Specific Elective Course

Semester I

DSEC-I (Choose any one)

1. Linear and Digital ICs and Applications -23OPPHDSE1A

2. Physics of Nano Science and Technology -23OPPHDSE1B

DSEC-II (Choose any one)

1. Energy Physics -23OPPHDSE1C

2. Communication electronics -23OPPHDSE1D

Semester II

DSEC-III (Choose any one)

1. Plasma Physics -23OPPHDSE2A

2. Advanced Optics -23OPPHDSE2B

DSEC-IV(Choose any one)

1. Solar Energy Utilization -23OPPHDSE2C

2. Bio physics -23OPPHDSE2D

	Department of Physics				Class: I M.Sc.,				
Sem	Category	Course Code	Course Title Cred		Contact Hours	CIA	SE	Total	
					/ Week				
I	DSEC	23OPPHDSE1A	Linear and Digital ICs and Applications	3	5	25	75	100	

Nature of the Course							
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented					
✓							

Course Objectives

- 1. To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
- 2. To teach the linear and non-linear applications of operational amplifiers.
- 3. To introduce the theory and applications of PLL.
- 4. To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce one special function ICs.
- 5. Exposure to digital IC's.

Course Content:

Unit	Course Content	Hours	K Level	CLO
	INTEGRATED CIRCUITS AND OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER -	15	Up to K5	CLO 1
,	Introduction, Classification of IC's, basic information of Op-Amp 741		1	
I	and its features, the ideal Operational amplifier, Op-Amp internal circuit			
	and Op-Amp. Characteristics.			
	APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-	15	Up to K5	CLO 2
	AMP: Solution to simultaneous equations and differential equations,		1	
	Instrumentation amplifiers, V to I and I to V converters. NON-LINEAR			
II	APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Sample and Hold circuit, Log and			
	Antilog amplifier, multiplier and divider, Comparators, Schmitt trigger,			
	Multivibrators, Triangular and Square waveform generators.			
	ACTIVE FILTERS & TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS	15		
	ACTIVE FILTERS: Introduction, Butterworth filters – 1st order, 2nd		Up to K5	CLO 3
	order low pass and high pass filters, band pass, band reject and all pass			
	filters. TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS: Introduction to IC			
III	555 timer, description of functional diagram, monostable and astable			
	operations and applications, Schmitt trigger, PLL - introduction, basic			
	principle, phase detector/comparator, voltage controlled oscillator (IC			
	566), low pass filter, monolithic PLL and applications of PLL			

	·			
	VOLTAGE REGULATOR & D to A AND A to D		Up to K5	CLO 4
	CONVERTERS VOLTAGE REGULATOR: Introduction, Series Op-	15	•	
	Amp regulator, IC Voltage Regulators, IC 723 general purpose			
***	regulators, Switching Regulator. D to A AND A to D CONVERTERS:			
IV	Introduction, basic DAC techniques weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder			
	DAC, inverted R-2R DAC, A to D converters -parallel comparator type			
	ADC, counter type ADC, successive approximation ADC and dual slope			
	ADC, DAC and ADC Specifications.			
	CMOS LOGIC, COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL	15		
	74XX ICs & SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs		Up to K5	CLO 5
	CMOS LOGIC: CMOS logic levels, MOS transistors, Basic CMOS			
	Inverter, NAND and NOR gates, CMOS AND-OR-INVERT and			
	ORAND-INVERT gates, implementation of any function using CMOS			
	logic. COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Study			
V	of logic gates using 74XX ICs, Four-bit parallel adder (IC 7483),			
	Comparator (IC 7485), Decoder (IC 74138, IC 74154), BCD to 7-			
	segment decoder (IC7447), Encoder (IC74147), Multiplexer (IC74151),			
	Demultiplexer (IC 74154). SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL			
	74XX ICs: Flip Flops (IC 7474, IC 7473), Shift Registers, Universal			
	Shift Register (IC 74194), 4- bit asynchronous binary counter (IC 7493).			
L	1	1	l	

Book for study:

- 1. D. Roy Choudhury, Shail B. Jain (2012), Linear Integrated Circuit, 4th edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India
- 2. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, (2012), OP-AMP and Linear Integrated Circuits, 4th edition, Prentice Hall / Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 3. B.L. Theraja and A.K. Theraja, 2004, A Textbook of Electrical technology, S. Chand & Co.
- 4. V.K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta, 2008, Principles of Electronics, S. Chand & Co, 12th Edition.
- 5. V. Vijayendran, 2008, Introduction to Integrated electronics (Digital & Analog), S. Viswanathan Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Reprint. V.

Books for Reference:

- 1. Sergio Franco (1997), Design with operational amplifiers and analog integrated circuits, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Gray, Meyer (1995), Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, Wiley International, New Delhi.
- 3. Malvino and Leach (2005), Digital Principles and Applications 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 4. Floyd, Jain (2009), Digital Fundamentals, 8th edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 5. Integrated Electronics, Millman & Halkias, Tata McGraw Hill, 17th Reprint (2000)

Web Resources / E-Books

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/digital circuits/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/electronics/operational amplifier/
- 3. https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/textbook/semiconductors/chpt7/field-effect-controlled-thyristors/
- 4. https://www.electrical4u.com/applications-of-op-amp/
- 5. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/digital-electronics-logic-designtutorials/

Pedagogy:

Chalk and Talk, Power point presentations, Group Discussions, Quiz, Assignment and Seminar.

Rationale for Nature of the course:

This course will enable the students to comprehend the theory, concepts, characteristics and working principles of electronic devices like Combinational and Sequential circuits, semiconductors and their applications. The knowledge of various devices acquired by the students will help them to design, test, troubleshoot the semiconductor diodes, DAC/ADC converter and OPAMP.

Activities to be given

- 1. To upgrade the students to solve the problems.
- 2. Train the students to design and troubleshoot the given circuits.

Course Learning Outcomes(CLOs):

On the successful completion of the course. Students will be able to

CLOs	Course Learning outcomes	K-Level
	Learn about the basic concepts for the circuit configuration for the design of linear integrated circuits and develops skill to solve problems	Up to K5
	Develop skills to design linear and non-linear applications circuits using OpAmp and design the active filters circuits.	Up to K5
	Gain knowledge about PLL, and develop the skills to design the simple circuits using IC 555 timer and can solve problems related to it.	Up to K5
CLO4	Learn about various techniques to develop A/D and D/A converters.	Up to K5
	Acquire the knowledge about the CMOS logic, combinational and sequential circuits	Up to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1

1-Basic Level 2- Intermediate Level 3.Advanced Level

Lesson Plan: (Total Hours: 75 Hrs)

Units	Course content	Hours	Mode
I	Introduction, Classification of IC's, basic information of Op-Amp 741 and its features, the ideal Operational amplifier-Op-Amp internal circuit and Op-Amp. Characteristics.	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar
п	LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Solution to simultaneous-equations and differential equations-Instrumentation amplifiers, V to I and I to V converters-NON-LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Sample and Hold circuit, Log and Antilog amplifier-multiplier and divider, Comparators, Schmitt trigger-Multivibrators, Triangular and Square waveform generators.	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar
ш	ACTIVE FILTERS: Introduction, Butterworth filters – 1st order, 2nd order low pass and high pass filters-band pass, band reject and all pass filters. Introduction to IC 555 timer, description of functional diagram, monostable and astable operations and applications, Schmitt trigger, PLLintroduction, basic principle, phase detector/comparator, voltage controlled oscillator (IC 566)-low pass filter, monolithic PLL and applications of PLL	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar
IV	VOLTAGE REGULATOR: Introduction, Series Op-Amp regulator IC Voltage Regulators, IC 723 general purpose regulators, Switching Regulator basic DAC techniques weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC, inverted R-2R DAC A to D converters -parallel comparator type ADC, counter type ADC Successive approximation ADC and dual slope ADC, DAC and ADC Specifications.	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar
v	CMOS LOGIC: CMOS logic levels, MOS transistors, Basic CMOS Inverter, NAND and NOR gates, CMOS AND-OR-INVERT and ORAND-INVERT gates, implementation of any function using CMOS logic Study of logic gates using 74XX ICs, Four-bit parallel adder (IC 7483), Comparator (IC 7485), Decoder (IC 74138, IC 74154), Study of logic gates using Shift Registers, Universal Shift Register (IC 74194), 4- bit asynchronous binary counter (IC 7493).	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar

	Department of Physics				C	lass: I M	I.Sc .,	
Sem	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
I	DSEC	23OPPHDSE1B	Physics of Nanoscience and Technology	3	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course					
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented			
	✓				

Course Objectives:

- 1. Physics of Nanoscience and Technology is concerned with the study, creation, manipulation and applications at nanometer scale.
- 2. To provide the basic knowledge about nanoscience and technology.
- 3. To learn the structures and properties of nanomaterials.
- 4. To acquire the knowledge about synthesis methods and characterization techniques and its applications.

Course Content

Unit	Course Content	Hours	K Level	CLO
I.	FUNDAMENTALS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	15	Up to K5	CLO1
	Fundamentals of NANO – Historical Perspective on Nanomaterial and			
	Nanotechnology — Classification of Nanomaterials – Metal and			
	Semiconductor Nanomaterials - 2D, 1D, 0D nanostructured materials -			
	Quantum dots - Quantum wires - Quantum wells - Surface effects of			
	nanomaterials.			
II.	PROPERTIES OF NANO MATERIALS: Physical properties of	15	Up to	CLO2
	Nanomaterials: Melting points, specific heat capacity, and lattice constant -		K5	
	Mechanical behavior: Elastic properties – strength - ductility - superplastic			
	behavior - Optical properties: - Surface Plasmon Resonance - Quantum size			
	effects - Electrical properties - Conductivity, Ferroelectrics and dielectrics -			
	Magnetic properties – super para magnetism – Diluted magnetic			
	semiconductor (DMS).			
III.	SYNTHESIS AND FABRICATION: Physical vapour deposition -	15	Up to	CLO3
	Chemical vapour deposition - sol-gel - Wet deposition techniques -		K5	
	electrochemical deposition method – Plasma arching – Electro spinning			
	method - ball milling technique - pulsed laser deposition - Nanolithography:			
	photolithography – Nano manipulator.			

IV.	CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES	15	Upto K5	CLO4
	Powder X-ray diffraction – X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) - UV-			
	visible spectroscopy – Photoluminescence - Scanning electron microscopy			
	(SEM) - Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) - Scanning probe			
	microscopy (SPM) - Scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) - Vibrating			
	sample Magnetometer.			
V.	APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS : Sensors: Nanosensors based	15	Upto K5	CLO5
	on optical and physical properties - Electrochemical sensors - Nano-			
	biosensors. Nano Electronics: Nano bots - display screens - GMR read/write			
	heads - Carbon Nano tube Emitters - Photo catalytic application: Air			
	purification, water purification -Medicine: Imaging of cancer cells –			
	biological tags - drug delivery - photodynamic therapy - Energy: fuel cells -			
	rechargeable batteries – super capacitors – photo voltaics.			

Book for study:

- 1. A textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Pradeep T., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. (2012).
- 2. Principles of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, M.A. Shah, Tokeer Ahmad, Narosa Publishing House Pvt Ltd., (2010).
- 3. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, K. K. Chattopadhyay and A.N. Banerjee, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, (2012).
- 4. Nanostructured Materials and Nanotechnology, Hari Singh Nalwa, Academic Press, (2002).
- 5. Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics, D.P. Kothari,
- 6. V. Velmurugan and Rajit Ram Singh, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. (2018)

Books for Reference:

- 1. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials Huozhong Gao Imperial College Press (2004).
- 2. Richard Booker and Earl Boysen, (2005) Nanotechnology, Wiley Publishing Inc. USA
- 3. Nano particles and Nano structured films; Preparation, Characterization and Applications, J. H. Fendler John Wiley and Sons. (2007)
- 4. Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, B. S. Murty, et al., Universities Press. (2012)
- 5. The Nanoscope (Encyclopedia of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology),
- 6. Dr. Parag Diwan and Ashish Bharadwaj (2005) Vol. IV Nanoelectronics Pentagon Press, New Delhi.

WEB SOURCES/ E-Books

- 1. www.its.caltec.edu/feyman/plenty.html
- 2. http://www.library.ualberta.ca/subject/nanoscience/guide/index.cfm
- 3. http://www.understandingnano.com
- 4. http://www.nano.gov
- 5. http://www.nanotechnology.com

Pedagogy:

Chalk and Talk, Seminar, Quiz, and Group Discussion.

Rationale for Nature of the course:

Learn about the basic concepts nanoscience and explore the different types of nanomaterials and Explore various physical, mechanical, optical, electrical and magnetic properties nanomaterials.

Activities to be given

- 1. To practice the students to Understand the basic of nanoscience and explore the different types of nanomaterials
- 2. Enhancing the students to Apply the concepts of nanoscience and technology in the field of sensors, robotics, purification of air and water and in the energy devices.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

On the successful completion of the course. Students will be able to

СО	COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES	K- Level
CO1	Understand the basic of nanoscience and explore the different types of nanomaterials and should comprehend the surface effects of the nanomaterials.	Up to K5
CO2	Explore various physical, mechanical, optical, electrical and magnetic properties nanomaterials.	Up to K5
CO3	Understand the process and mechanism of synthesis and fabrication of nanomaterials.	Up to K5
CO4	Analyze the various characterization of Nano-products through diffraction, spectroscopic, microscopic and other techniques.	Up to K5
CO5	Apply the concepts of nanoscience and technology in the field of sensors, robotics, purification of air and water and in the energy devices.	Up to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	2	3	3

1. Basic level 2. Intermediate level 3. Advance level

Lesson Plan (TOTAL HOURS : 75 hrs)

Units	Course content	Hours	Pedagogy
	Fundamentals of NANO – Historical Perspective on Nano material and		
I	Nanotechnology-Classification of Nano materials – Metal and		
	Semiconductor Nano materials 2D, 1D, 0D nano structured materials -	15	Chalk and Talk
	Quantum dots –Quantum wires-Quantum wells - Surface effects of		& Seminar
	nanomaterials.		
	Nanomaterials: Melting points, specific heat capacity, and lattice		
	constant-Mechanical behavior: Elastic properties – strength - ductility		
II	- super plastic behavior - Optical properties: - Surface Plasmon		
	Resonance – Quantum size effects -Electrical properties -	15	Chalk and Talk
	Conductivity, Ferroelectrics and dielectrics-Magnetic properties –		& Seminar
	super para magnetism – Diluted magnetic semiconductor (DMS).		
	Physical vapour deposition - Chemical vapour deposition - sol-gel-Wet		
III	deposition techniques - electrochemical deposition method-Plasma	15	
	arching – Electro spinning method - ball milling technique-pulsed laser		Chalk and Talk
	deposition-Nanolithography: photolithography – Nano manipulator.		& Seminar
	Powder X-ray diffraction – X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS)-		
	UV-visible spectroscopy – Photoluminescence-Scanning electron	15	Chalk and Talk
IV	microscopy (SEM) - Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)-		& Seminar
	Scanning probe microscopy (SPM)-Scanning tunneling microscopy		
	(STM)-Vibrating sample Magnetometer.		
	Nanosensors based on optical and physical properties -		
	Electrochemical sensors-Nano-biosensors. Nano Electronics: Nano	15	Chalk and Talk
V	bots - display screens - GMR read/write heads-Carbon Nano tube		& Seminar
	Emitters – Photo catalytic application: Air purification, water		
	purification-Medicine: Imaging of cancer cells – biological tags - drug		
	delivery-photodynamic therapy - Energy: fuel cells - rechargeable		
	batteries super capacitors – photo voltaics.		

	Department of Physics				Class	: I M.Sc	:. ,	
Sem	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
Ι	DSEC	23OPPHDSE1C	Energy Physics	3	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course				
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented		
	✓			

Course Objectives:

- 1. To learn about various renewable energy sources.
- 2. To know the ways of effectively utilizing the oceanic energy.
- 3. To study the method of harnessing wind energy and its advantages.
- 4. To learn the techniques useful for the conversion of biomass into useful energy.
- 5. To know about utilization of solar energy.

Course Content

Unit	Course Content	Hours	K Level	CLO
I.	INTRODUCTION TO ENERGY SOURCES: Conventional and non-	15	Up to K5	CLO1
	conventional energy sources and their availability- prospects of Renewable			
	energy sources- Energy from other sources- chemical energy-Nuclear			
	energy- Energy storage and distribution.			
II.	ENERGY FROM THE OCEANS Energy utilization—Energy from tides—	15	Up to K5	CLO2
	Basic principle of tidal power- utilization of tidal energy - Principle of			
	ocean thermal energy conversion systems.			
III.	WIND ENERGY SOURCES: Basic principles of wind energy	15	Up to	CLO3
	conversion-power in the wind-forces in the Blades- Wind energy		K5	
	conversion-Advantages and disadvantages of wind energy conversion			
	systems (WECS) - Energy storage-Applications of wind energy.			
IV.	ENERGY FROM BIOMASS: Biomass conversion Technologies—wet	15	Upto K5	CLO4
	and dry process- Photosynthesis Biogas Generation: Introduction-basic			
	process: Aerobic and anaerobic digestion – Advantages of anaerobic			
	digestion-factors affecting bio digestion and generation of gas- bio gas			
	from waste fuel- properties of biogas-utilization of biogas.			
V.	SOLAR ENERGY SOURCES: Solar radiation and its measurements—	15	Upto K5	CLO5
	solar cells: Solar cells for direct conversion of solar energy to electric			
	powers-solar cell parameter-solar cell electrical characteristics-			
	Efficiency-solar water Heater -solar distillation- solar cooking-solar			
	greenhouse – Solar pond and its applications.			

Book for study:

- 1. G.D. Rai, 1996, Non convention sources of, 4th edition, Khanna publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. S. Rao and Dr. Paru Lekar, Energy technology.
- 3. M.P. Agarwal, Solar Energy, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi (1983).
- 4. Solar energy, principles of thermal collection and storage by S. P. Sukhatme, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Lt., New Delhi (1997).
- 5. Energy Technology by S. Rao and Dr. Parulekar.

Books for Reference:

- Renewable energy resources, John Twidell and Tonyweir, Taylor and Francis group, London and New York.
- 2. Applied solar energy, A. B. Meinel and A. P. Meinal
- 3. John Twidell and Tony Weir, Renewable energy resources, Taylor and Francis group, London and New York.
- 4. Renewal Energy Technologies: A Practical Guide for Beginners C.S. Solanki-PHI Learning
- 5. Introduction to Non-Conventional Energy Resources -Raja et. al., Sci. Tech Publications

WEB SOURCES / E-Books

- 1.https://www.open.edu/openlearn/ocw/mod/oucontent/view.php?id=2411&print able=1
- 2. https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/tidal-energy/
- 3. https://www.ge.com/renewableenergy/wind-energy/what-is-wind-energy
- 4. https://www.reenergyholdings.com/renewable-energy/what-is-biomass/
- 5. https://www.acciona.com/renewable-energy/solar-energy/

Pedagogy:

Chalk and Talk, Seminar, PPT, Quiz, and Group Discussion.

Rationale for Nature of the course:

To learn about various renewable energy sources and to know the ways of effectively utilizing the various types of energy.

Activities to be given

- 1. Students are trained to to identify various forms of renewable and non-renewable energy sources.
- 2. Enhancing the students to understand the components of solar radiation and apply them to utilize solar energy.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO	Course Learning Outcomes	K-Level
CO1	To identify various forms of renewable and non-renewable energy sources	Up to K5
CO2	Understand the principle of utilizing the oceanic energy and apply it for practical applications.	Up to K5
CO3	Discuss the working of a windmill and analyze the advantages of wind energy.	Up to K5
CO4	Distinguish aerobic digestion process from anaerobic digestion.	Up to K5
CO5	Understand the components of solar radiation, their measurement and apply them to utilize solar energy.	Up to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2

1. Basic level 2. Intermediate level 3.Advance level

Lesson Plan: (TOTAL HOURS: 75 hrs)

Units	Course content	Hours	Pedagogy
I	Conventional and non-conventional energy sources and their	15	Chalk and Talk
	availability-prospects of Renewable energy Sources-Energy from		& Seminar
	other sources- chemical energy-Nuclear energy- Energy storage		
	and distribution.		
II	Energy utilization-Energy from Tides-Basic principle of tidal	15	Chalk and Talk
	power-utilization of tidal energy- Principle of ocean thermal		& PPT
	energy conversion systems.		
	Basic principles of wind energy conversion-power in the wind-	15	Chalk and Talk
III	forces in the Blades-Wind energy Conversion-Advantages and		& Seminar
	disadvantages of wind energy conversion systems (WECS)-		
	Energy storage-Applications of wind energy.		
	Biomass conversion Technologies— wet and dry process-	15	Chalk and Talk
IV	Photosynthesis Biogas Generation: Introduction-basic process:		& PPT
	Aerobic and anaerobic digestion – Advantages of anaerobic		
	digestion-factors affecting bio digestion and generation of gas-		
	bio gas from waste fuel-Properties of biogas-utilization of biogas.		
	Solar radiation and its measurements-solar cells: Solar cells for	15	Chalk and Talk
V	direct conversion of solar energy to electric powers-solar cell		& Seminar
	parameter-solar cell electrical Characteristics-Efficiency-solar		
	water Heater –solar distillation-solar cooking–solar greenhouse		
	Solar pond and its applications.		

	Department of Physics			Cl	ass: I M	I.Sc.,		
Sem	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
I	DSEC	23OPPHDSE1D	Communication Electronics	3	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course						
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented				
	✓					

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand about antennas and wave propogation.
- 2. To acquire the knowledge about microwaves.
- 3. To understand about radar.
- 4. To study about the optical fiber.
- 5. To acquire the knowledge about the satellite communication.

Course Content

UNIT	Course Content	Hours	K-Level	CLO
I	ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION Radiation field and radiation resistance of short dipole antennagrounded antenna-ungrounded antenna-antenna arrays-broadside and end side arrays-antenna gain-directional high frequency antennas-sky wave-ionosphere- Ecles and Larmor theory- Magnento ionic theoryground wave propagation	15	Up to K5	CO1
П	MICROWAVES Microwave generation—multi cavity Klystron-reflex klystronmagnetron travelling wave tubes (TWT) and other microwave tubesMASER-Gunn diode-wave guides-rectangular wave guides-standing wave indicator and standing wave ratio(SWR)	15	Up to K5	CO2
Ш	RADAR AND TELEVISION: Elements of a radar system-radar equation-radar performance Factors radar transmitting systems-radar antennas-duplexers-radar receivers and indicators-pulsed systems-other radar systems- colour TV transmission and reception-colour mixing principle-colour picture tubes- Delta gun picture tube-PIL colour picture tube-cable TV, CCTV and theatre TV energy released in fission – chain reaction – critical reaction – critical size- atom bomb – nuclear reactor – breeder reactor – importance of commissioning PFBR in our country – heavy water disposal, safety of reactors: seismic and floods –introduction to DAE, IAEA – nuclear fusion –thermonuclear reactions – differences between fission and fusion.	15	Up to K5	CO3

IV	OPTICAL FIBER: Propagation of light in an optical fibre-acceptance angle-numerical aperture-step and graded index fibres-optical fibres as a cylindrical wave guide-wave guide equations-wave guide equations in step index fibres - fibre losses and dispersion-applications	15	Upto K5	CO4
V	SATELLITE COMMUNICATION Orbital satellites-geostationary satellites-orbital patterns-satellite system link models-satellite system parameters-satellite system link equation link budget-INSAT communication satellites	15	Upto K5	CO5

Book for study:

- 1. R Handbook of Electronics by Gupta and Kumar, 2008 edition.
- 2. Electronic communication systems George Kennedy and Davis, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 1988.
- 3. Taub and Schilling, principles of communication systems, second edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill (1991).
- 4. M. Kulkarani, Microwave and radar engineering, Umesh Publications, 1998.
- 5. Mono Chrome and colour television, R. R. Ghulathi.

Books for Reference:

- 1. Electronic communications Dennis Roody and Coolen, Prentice Hall of India, IV edition, 1995.
- 2. Wayne Tomasi, Advanced electronics communication systems, fourth edition, Prentice Hall of India, 1998
- 3. Dennis Roddy and Coolen, 1995, Electronics communications,

Prentice Hall of India IV Edition.

- 4. Wayne Tomasi,1998 "Advanced Electronics communication System" 4th edition, Prentice Hall of India, 1998
- 5. S. Salivahanan, N. Suersh Kumar & A. Vallavaraj, 2009, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, Second Edition.

Web Resources / E-Books

- 1. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/digital-electronics-logic-designtutorials/
- 2. https://www.polytechnichub.com/difference-analog-instrumentsdigital-instruments/
- 3. http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/
- 4. http://web.ewu.edu/
- 5. http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/

Rationale for nature of Course:

Knowledge and Skill: Study of the communication electronics leads to information which is of practical value to the physicist. it gives us information about the satellite communication and radar. students who undergo this course are successfully bound to get a better insight and understanding of the subject.

Activities to be given:

- 1. Enhancing the quality of students to understand about the optical fiber.
- 2. Train the students to understand the theory about satellite communication.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

		K level
CLO	Course Learning Outcomes	
CLO1	Explain the concepts of antennae and propagation of waves	Up to K5
CLO2	Outline the basic foundation of microwaves	Up to K5
CLO3	Summarize about radar and television	Up to K5
CLO4	Describe about optical fiber	Up to K5
CLO5	Learn about satellite communication	Up to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CL01	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CLO4	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO5	3	3	3	3	3	3

1-Basic Level 2- Intermediate Level 3- Advanced Level

Lesson Plan: (TOTAL HOURS: 75 Hrs)

Units	Course content	Hours	Mode
I	ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION Radiation field and radiation resistance of short dipole antenna grounded antenna-ungrounded antenna-antenna arrays-broadside and end side arrays-antenna gain-directional high frequency antennas-sky wave-ionosphere Ecles and Larmor theory- Magnento ionic theory ground wave propagation	15	Chalk and Talk & PPT
п	MICROWAVES Microwave generation—multi cavity KlystronGunn diode-wave guides-reflex klystron magnetron travelling wave tubes (TWT) and other microwave tubes MASER-rectangular wave guides-standing wave indicator and standing wave ratio(SWR)	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar
Ш	RADAR AND TELEVISION: Elements of a radar system-radar equation-radar performance Factors radar transmitting systems-radar antennas – chain reaction – critical reaction – critical size- atom bomb – nuclear reactor –breeder reactor –IAEA – nuclear fusion –thermonuclear reactions – differences between fission and fusion-duplexers-radar receivers and indicators-pulsed systems-other radar systems- colour TV transmission and reception-colour mixing principle-colour picture tubes-Delta gun picture tube-PIL colour picture tube-cable TV, CCTV and theatre TV energy released in fission-importance of commissioning PFBR in our country – heavy water disposal, safety of reactors: seismic and floods	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar
IV	optical Fiber: Propagation of light in an optical fibre-acceptance angle- fibre losses and dispersion-applications-numerical aperture-step and graded index fibres-optical fibres as a cylindrical wave guide wave guide equations-wave guide equations in step index fibres-Ray dispersion in multimode step index fibers – Parabolic index fibers – Fiber fibre losses and dispersion-applications SATELLITE COMMUNICATION Orbital satellites-geostationary	15	Chalk and Talk & PPT Chalk and Talk
V	satellites -satellite system link equation link budget-orbital patterns-satellite system link models-satellite system parameters-INSAT communication satellites	13	& Seminar

Department of Physics			Class:	I M.Sc.,	1			
Sem	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
II	DSEC	23OPPHDSE2A	Plasma Physics	3	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course						
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented				
√						

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the cross section of charged particles and to able to correlate the magnetic effect of ion and electrons in plasma state.
- 2. To learn the magneto-hydrodynamics concepts applied to plasma.
- 3. To explore the oscillations and waves of charged particles and thereby apply the Maxwell's equation to quantitative analysis of plasma.
- 4. To analyze the different principle and techniques to diagnostics of plasma.
- 5. To Study the possible applications of plasma by incorporating various electrical and electronic instruments.

Course Content

Unit	Course Content	Hours	K Level	CLO
I.	FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF PLASMA: Kinetic pressure in a	15	Upto K5	CLO1
	partially ionized - mean free path and collision cross section - Mobility of			
	charged particles - Effect of magnetic field on the mobility of ions and			
	electrons-Thermal conductivity- Effect of magnetic field- Quasi- neutrality			
	of plasma Debye shielding distance - Optical properties of plasma.			
II.	MOTION OF CHARGED PARTICLES IN ELECTRIC AND	15	Upto K5	CLO2
	MAGNETIC FIELD: Particle description of plasma- Motion of charged			
	particle in electrostatic field- Motion of charged particle in uniform			
	magnetic field - Motion of charged particle in electric and magnetic fields-			
	Motion of charged particle inhomogeneous magnetic field - Motion of			
	charged particle in magnetic mirror confinement - motion of an electron in			
	a time varying electric field- Magneto- hydrodynamics - Magneto-			
	hydrodynamic equations - Condition for magneto hydrodynamic behavior.			
III.	PLASMA OSCILLATIONS AND WAVES: Introduction, theory of	15	Upto K5	CLO3
	simple oscillations - electron oscillation in a plasma – Derivations of plasma			
	oscillations by using Maxwell's equation - Ion oscillation and waves in a			
	magnetic field - thermal effects on plasma oscillations - Landau damping -			
	Hydro magnetic waves - Oscillations in an electron beam.			

IV.	PLASMA DIAGNOSTICS TECHNIQUES: Single probe method -	15	Upto K5	CLO4
	Double probe method - Use of probe technique for measurement of plasma			
	parameters in magnetic field - microwave method - spectroscopic method -			
	-laser as a tool for plasma diagnostics-X-ray diagnostics of plasma - acoustic			
	method - conclusion.			
V.	APPLICATIONS OF PLASMA PHYSICS: Magneto hydrodynamic	15	Upto K5	CLO5
	Generator - Basic theory - Principle of Working Fuel in MHD Generator -			
	Generation of Microwaves Utilizing High Density Plasma - Plasma Diode.			

Book for study:

- 1. Plasma Physics- Plasma State of Matter S. N. Sen, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.
- 2. Introduction to Plasma Physics-M. Uman
- 3. Krall, N. A., and A. W. Trivelpiece. Principles of Plasma Physics. Berkeley, CA: San Francisco Press, 1986. ISBN: 9780911302585.Tanenbaum, B. S. Plasma Physics. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill, 1967. ISBN: 9780070628120.
- 4. Goldston, R. J., and P. H. Rutherford. Introduction to Plasma Physics. Philadelphia, PA: IOP Publishing, 1995. ISBN: 9780750301831.
- 5. Hutchinson, I. H. Principles of Plasma Diagnostics. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press, 2005. ISBN: 9780521675741.

Books for Reference:

- 1. Chen, F. F. Introduction to Plasma Physics. 2nd ed. New York, NY: Springer, 1984. ISBN: 9780306413322.
- 2. Introduction to Plasma Theory-D.R. Nicholson
- 3. Shohet, J. L. The Plasma State. San Diego, CA: Academic Press Inc., 1971. ISBN: 9780126405507.
- 4. Hazeltine, R. D., and F. L. Waelbroeck. The Framework of Plasma Physics. Boulder, CO: Westview Press, 2004. ISBN: 9780813342139.
- Huddlestone, R. H., and S. L. Leonard. Plasma Diagnostic Techniques. San Diego, CA: Academic Press, 1965

Web Resources / E-Books

- 1. https://fusedweb.llnl.gov/Glossary/glossary.html
- 2. http://farside.ph.utexas.edu/teaching/plasma/lectures1/index.html
- 3. http://www.plasmas.org/
- 4. http://www.phy6.org/Education/whplasma.html
- 5. http://www.plasmas.org/resources.htm

Pedagogy: Chalk and Talk, Seminar, PPT, Quiz, and Group Discussion.

Rationale for Nature of the course:

To understand the modern plasma phenomenon in the universe and to explore the physical processes which acquire in the space environment.

Activities to be given:

- 1. To train the students to understand the plasma and learn the magneto-hydrodynamics concepts applied to plasma.
- 2. Enhancing the students to learn the possible applications of plasma by incorporating various electrical and electronic instruments.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO's):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CLO	Course Learning Outcomes	K - Level
CO1	Understand the collision, cross section of charged particles and to able	Upto K5
	to correlate the magnetic effect of ion and electrons in plasma state.	
CO2	Understand the plasma and learn the magneto-hydrodynamics concepts	Upto K5
	applied to plasma.	
CO3	Explore the oscillations and waves of charged particles and thereby	Upto K5
	apply the Maxwell's equation to quantitative analysis of plasma.	
CO4	Analyze the different principle and techniques to diagnostics of	Upto K5
	plasma.	
CO5	Learn the possible applications of plasma by incorporating various	Upto K5
	electrical and electronic instruments.	

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	3	2	1	1	2
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	2

1. Basic level

2. Intermediate level

3.Advance level

Lesson Plan (TOTAL HOURS: 75 Hrs)

Units	Course content	Hours	Mode
	FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF PLASMA: Kinetic pressure	15	Chalk and
	in a partially ionized - mean free path and collision cross section		Talk &
	Mobility of charged particles - Effect of magnetic field on the		Seminar
I	mobility of ions and electrons-Thermal conductivity- Effect of		
	magnetic field- Quasi-neutrality of plasma Debye shielding distance		
	- Optical properties of plasma.		
	MOTION OF CHARGED PARTICLES IN ELECTRIC AND	15	Chalk and
	MAGNETIC FIELD: Particle description of plasma- Motion of		Talk &
	charged particle in electrostatic field-Motion of charged particle in		Seminar
	uniform magnetic field - Motion of charged particle in electric and		
II	magnetic fields-Motion of charged particle inhomogeneous		
	magnetic field -Motion of charged particle in magnetic mirror		
	confinement - motion of an electron in a time varying electric field-		
	Magneto- hydrodynamics -Magneto-hydrodynamic equations -		
	Condition for magneto hydrodynamic behaviour.		
	PLASMA OSCILLATIONS AND WAVES : Introduction, theory		Chalk and
	of simple oscillations - electron oscillation in a plasma Derivations	15	Talk &
	of plasma oscillations by using Maxwell's equation-Ion oscillation		Seminar
III	and waves in a magnetic field -thermal effects on plasma oscillations		
	- Landau damping -Hydro magnetic waves - Oscillations in an		
	electron beam.		
	PLASMA DIAGNOSTICS TECHNIQUES: Single probe method		
	- Double probe method - Use of probe technique for measurement of	15	Chalk and
IV	plasma parameters in magnetic field -microwave method -		Talk &
	spectroscopic methodlaser as a tool for plasma diagnostics-X-ray		Seminar
	diagnostics of plasma - acoustic method - conclusion.		
	APPLICATIONS OF PLASMA PHYSICS: Magneto		Chalk and
\mathbf{V}	hydrodynamic Generator - Basic theory -Principle of WorkingFuel	15	Talk &
	in MHD Generator-Generation of Microwaves Utilizing High		Seminar
	Density Plasma -Plasma Diode.		

Department of Physics			Class: I M.Sc.,					
Sem	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	its Contact Hours / CIA SE Week			Total
II	DSEC	23OPPHDSE2B	Advanced Optics	3	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course					
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented			
	✓				

Course Objectives:

- 1. To discuss the transverse character of light waves and different polarization phenomenon.
- 2. To Discriminate all the fundamental processes involved in laser devices and to analyze the design and operation of the devices
- 3. To Study the important characteristics of holograms and its applications.
- 4. To Demonstrate the basic configuration of a fiber optic communication system and advantages
- 5. To Identify the properties of nonlinear interactions of light and matter.

Course Content:

Unit	Course Content	Hours	K Level	CLO
I	POLARIZATION AND DOUBLE REFRACTION: Classification of polarization	15	Upto	CLO1
	- Transverse character of light waves - Polarizer and analyzer - Malu's law -		K5	
	Production of polarized light – Wire grid polarizer and the polaroid – Polarization by			
	reflection - Polarization by double refraction - Polarization by scattering - The			
	phenomenon of double refraction - Normal and oblique incidence - Interference of			
	polarized light: Quarter and half wave plates - Analysis of polarized light - Optical			
	activity.			
II	LASERS: Basic principles – Spontaneous and stimulated emissions – Components	15	Upto	CLO2
	of the laser - Resonator and lasing action - Types of lasers and its applications -		K5	
	$Solid\ state\ lasers-Ruby\ laser-Nd: YAG\ laser-gas\ lasers-He-Ne\ laser-CO_{2}\ laser$			
	- Chemical lasers - HCl laser - Semiconductor laser.			
III	HOLOGRAPHY: Principle of holography - Recording of the hologram -	15	Upto	CLO3
	Reconstruction of the image - Theory - Some distinguishing characteristics of		K5	
	holographs - Practical applications of holography - Advances in holography.			
IV	FIBER OPTICS :Introduction – Total internal reflection – The optical fiber – Glass	15	Upto	CLO4
	fibers – The coherent bundle – The numerical aperture – Attenuation in optical fibers		K5	
	- Single and multi-mode fibers - Pulse dispersion in multimode optical fibers - Ray			
	dispersion in multimode step index fibers - Parabolicindex fibers - Fiber-optic			
	sensors: precision displacement sensor – Precision vibration sensor.			

V	NON-LINEAR OPTICS: Basic principles – Harmonic generation – Second	15	Upto	CLO5
	harmonic generation – Phase matching – Third harmonic generation – Optical mixing		K5	
	– Parametric generation of light – Self-focusing of light.			

Book for study:

- 1. B. B. Laud, 2017, Lasers and Non Linear Optics, 3rd Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd.
- 2. Ajoy Ghatak, 2017, Optics, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. William T. Silfvast, 1996, Laser Fundamentals Cambridge University Press, New York
- 4. J. Peatros, Physics of Light and Optics, a good (and free!) electronic book
- 5. B. Saleh, and M. Teich, Fundamentals of Photonics, Wiley- Interscience

Books for Reference:

- 1. F. S. Jenkins and H. E. White, 1981, Fundamentals of Optics, (4th Edition), McGraw Hill International Edition.
- 2. Dieter Meschede, 2004, Optics, Light and Lasers, Wiley VCH, Varley GmbH.
- 3. Lipson, S. G. Lipson and H. Lipson, 2011, Optical Physics, 4th Edition, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2011.
- 4. Y. B. Band, Light and Matter, Wiley and Sons (2006)
- 5. R. Guenther, Modern Optics, Wiley and Sons (1990)

Web Resources / E-Books

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WgzynezPiyc
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ShQWwobpW60
- 3. https://www.ukessays.com/essays/physics/fiber-optics-and-itapplications.php
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0kEvr4DKGRI
- 5. http://optics.byu.edu/textbook.aspx

Pedagogy:

Chalk and Talk, Seminar, PPT, Quiz, and Group Discussion.

Rationale for Nature of the course:

To know the concepts behind polarization and good pursue research work and application aspects of laser and to impart an extensive understanding of fiber and non – linear optics.

Activities to be given

- 1. To practice the students to demonstrate the basic configuration of a fiber optic communication system.
- 2. Train the students to interpret the group of experiments that based on laser.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO's):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

СО	Course Learning Outcomes	K-Level
CO1	Discuss the transverse character of light waves and different polarization phenomenon	Upto K5
CO2	Discriminate all the fundamental processes involved in laser devices and to analyze the design and operation of the devices	Upto K5
CO3	Study the important characteristics of holograms and its applications.	Upto K5
CO4	Demonstrate the basic configuration of a fiber optic – communication system and advantages	Upto K5
CO5	Identify the properties of nonlinear interactions of light and matter	Upto K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3
C02	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3

1. Basic level

2. Intermediate level

3.Advance level

Lesson Plan: (TOTAL HOURS: 75 Hrs)

Units	Course content	Hours	Mode
	POLARIZATION AND DOUBLE REFRACTION: Classification of	15	Chalk and
	polarization – Transverse character of light waves – Polarizer and analyzer		Talk & PPT
	Malu's law Production of polarized light – Wire grid polarizer and the		1 1 1 1
I	polaroid – Polarization by reflection -Polarization by double refraction –		
	Polarization by scattering – The phenomenon of double refraction -		
	Normal and oblique incidence – Interference of polarized light: Quarter		
	and half wave plates – Analysis of polarized light – Optical activity.		
	LASERS: Basic principles – Spontaneous and stimulated emissions –		Chalk and
	Components of the laser -Resonator and lasing action – Types of lasers	15	Talk &
II	and its applications -Solid state lasers – Ruby laser – Nd:YAG laser – gas	13	Seminar
1	lasers - He-Ne laser - CO ₂ laser - Chemical lasers - HCl laser -		Semmar
	Semiconductor laser		
	HOLOGRAPHY: Principle of holography – Recording of the hologram	15	Chalk and
III	- Reconstruction of the image – Theory	13	Talk &
111	Some distinguishing characteristics of holographs		Seminar
	Practical applications of holography – Advances in holography.		Schillar
	FIBER OPTICS :Introduction – Total internal reflection – The optical		Chalk and
		1.5	Talk & PPT
137	fiber – Glass fibers –The coherent bundle – The numerical aperture –	15	Talk & PPT
IV	Attenuation in optical fibers Single and multi-mode fibers – Pulse		
	dispersion in multimode optical fibers -Ray dispersion in multimode step		
	index fibers – Parabolicindex fibers – Fiber- optic sensors: precision		
	displacement sensor- Precision vibration sensor		
	NON-LINEAR OPTICS :Basic principles – Harmonic generation -	15	Chalk and
V	Second harmonic generation – Phase matching Third harmonic generation		Talk &
	- Optical mixing -Parametric generation of light -Self-focusing of light		Seminar

	Department of Physics			Class: I M.Sc.,				
Sem	Sem Category Course Code Course Title Credits C			Contact Hours	CIA	SE	Total	
					/ Week			
II	DSEC	23OPPHDSE2C	Solar Energy Utilization	3	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course					
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented			
	✓				

Course Objectives:

- 1. To impart fundamental aspects of solar energy utilization.
- 2. To give adequate exposure to solar energy related industries
- 3. To harness entrepreneurship skills
- 4. To understand the different types of solar cells and channelizing them to the different sectors of society
- 5. To develop an industrialist mind set by utilizing renewable source of energy

Course Content:

UNIT	Course Content	Hours	K level	CLO
I	Conduction, Convection and Radiation – Solar Radiation at the earth's surface – Determination of solar time – Solar energy measuring instruments.	15	Upto K5	CO1
II	Physical principles of conversion of solar radiation into heat flat plate collectors - General characteristics - Focusing collector systems - Thermal performance evaluation of optical loss.	15	Upto K5	CO2
III	Types of solar water heater - Solar heating system - Collectors and storage tanks - Solar ponds - Solar cooling systems.	15	Upto K5	CO3
IV	Photo Voltaic principles – Types of solar cells – Crystalline silicon/amorphous silicon and Thermo - electric conversion - process flow of silicon solar cells- different approaches on the process- texturization, diffusion, Antireflective coatings, metallization.	15	Upto K5	CO4

	Use of nanostructures and nanomaterials in fuel cell			
	technology - high and low temperature fuel cells, cathode			
V	and anode reactions, fuel cell catalysts, electrolytes,	15	Unto V5	CO5
V	ceramic catalysts. Use of Nano technology in hydrogen	13	Upto K5	CO3
	production and storage. Industrial visit – data collection and			
	analysis - presentation			

Book for study:

- 1. Solar Energy Utilisation –G.D Rai-Khanna Publisher-Delhi 1987.
- 2. Maheshwar Sharon, Madhuri Sharon, Carbon "Nano Forms And Applications" Mc.Graw Hill,2010
- 3. Soteris A. Kalogirou, "Solar Energy Engineering: Processes and Systems", Academic Press, London, 2009.
- 4. Tiwari G.N, "Solar Energy Fundamentals Design, Modelling and applications, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002
- Sukhatme S.P. Solar Energy, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.

Books for Reference:

- 1. Energy An Introduction to Physics R.H.Romer, W.H.Freeman.(1976)
- 2. Solar energy thermal processes John A.Drife and William. (1974)
- 3. John W. Twidell & Anthony D. Weir, 'Renewable Energy Resources, 2005
- 4. John A. Duffie, William A. Beckman, Solar Energy: Thermal Processes, 4th Edition, john Wiley and Sons, 2013.
- 5. Duffie, J.A., Beckman, W.A., "Solar Energy Thermal Process", John Wiley and Sons, 2007.

Web Resources / E-Books

- 1. https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/63a5/a69421b69d2ce9f359bbfc86c63556 f9a4fb
- 2. https://books.google.vg/books?id=lXHcwZo9XwC&sitesec=buy&source=gbs_vpt_re ad
- 3. www.nptel.ac.in/courses/112105051
- 4. www.freevideolectures.com
- 5. http://www.e-booksdirectory.com

Rationale for nature of Course

employability oriented: Study of the solar energy utilisation leads to information which is of practical value to the physicist. it gives us information about the applications of solar energy. students who undergo this course are successfully bound to get a better insight and understanding of the subject.

Activities to be given:

- 1. Enhancing the quality of students to understand the solar energy.
- 2. Train the students to understand the heat transfer and solar radiation.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CLO	Course Learning Outcomes	K-Level
CLO1	Gained knowledge in fundamental aspects of solar energy	Upto K5
	utilization	
CLO2	Equipped to take up related job by gaining industry exposure	Upto K5
CLO3	Develop entrepreneurial skills	Upto K5
CLO4	Skilled to approach the needy society with different types of solar cells	Upto K5
CLO5	Gained industrialist mindset by utilizing renewable source of	Upto K5
	energy	

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CLO1	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO2	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CLO4	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO5	3	3	3	3	3	3

1-Basic Level 2- Intermediate Level 3- Advanced Level

Lesson Plan: (TOTAL HOURS: 75 Hrs)

Units	Course content	Hours	Mode
I	Conduction, Convection and Radiation – Solar Radiation at the earth's surface -Determination of solar time-Solar energy measuring instruments	15	Chalk and Talk & PPT
II	Physical principles of conversion of solar radiation into heat flat plate collectors -General characteristics – Focusing collector systems -Thermal performance evaluation of optical loss	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar
III	Types of solar water heater - Solar heating system Collectors and storage tanks -Solar ponds - Solar cooling systems	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar
IV	Photo Voltaic principles – Types of solar cells – Crystalline silicon/amorphous silicon and Thermo -electric conversion - process flow of silicon solar cells- different approaches on the process-texturization, diffusion, Antireflective coatings, metallization.	15	Chalk and Talk & PPT
V	Use of nanostructures and nanomaterials in fuel cell technology -high and low temperature fuel cells, cathode and anode reactions, fuel cell catalysts, electrolytes, ceramic catalysts-Use of Nano technology in hydrogen production and storage-Industrial visit – data collection and analysis - presentation	15	Chalk and Talk & Seminar

Department of Physics				Cl	ass: I M.S	c.,		
Sem	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
II	DSEC	23OPPHDSE2D	Bio physics	3	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course						
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented				
	✓					

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the physical principles involved in cell function maintenance.
- 2. To understand the fundamentals of macromolecular structures involved in propagation of life.
- 3. To understand the biophysical function of membrane and neuron.
- 4. To understand various kinds of radiation and their effects on living system and to know the hazards posed by such radiations and the required precautions.
- 5. To understand the physical principles behind the various techniques available for interrogating biological macromolecules.

Course Content:

Unit	Course Content	Hours	K Level	CLO
	CELLULAR BIOPHYSICS Architecture and Life Cycle of cells –	15	Upto K5	CLO1
	Organelles of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell - Cell size and shape -			
I	Fine structure of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell organization -			
	Compartment & assemblies membrane system – Extracellular matrix -			
	Molecular mechanisms of Vesicular traffic - Electrical activities of			
	cardiac and neuronal cells.			
	MOLECULAR BIOPHYSICS Macromolecular structure: Protein	15	Upto K5	CLO2
	structure - amino acids, peptide bonds, primary, secondary, tertiary and			
II	quaternary structures of proteins -Nucleic acid structure: nucleosides and			
	nucleotides, RNA structure, DNA structure and conformation. Special			
	Bio-macromolecules: Metalloproteins, nucleoproteins, ribozymes,			
	chaperons and prions.			
	MEMBRANE AND NEURO BIOPHYISCS Models membranes -	15	Upto K5	CLO3
III	Biological membranes and dynamics - Membrane Capacitors -			
	Transport across cell and organelle membranes – Ion channels.			
	Nervous system: Organization of the nervous system -Membrane			

	potential - Origins of membrane potential - Electrochemical potentials -			
	Nernst equation – Goldman equation.			
	RADIATION BIO PHYSICS X-Ray: Effects on bio-macromolecules –	15	Upto K5	CLO4
IV	Gamma Radiation: Molecular effects of gamma radiation, Radiation			
114	effects on nucleic acids and membranes, Effects on cell and organelles -			
	UV radiation: Effects on biomacromolecules and proteins - Radiation			
	hazards and protection – use of radiations in cancer.			
	PHYSICAL METHODS IN BIOLOGY Spectroscopy: UV-Visible	15	Upto K5	CLO5
	absorption spectrophotometry - Optical Rotatory Dispersion (ORD) -			
	Structure Determination: X-ray Crystallography, Electron spin resonance			
v	(ESR) and biological applications. Chromatography: Thin layer			
	chromatography (TLC), Gas liquid chromatography (GLC) -			
	Centrifugation: Differential centrifugation, density gradient			
	centrifugation. Electrophoresis: Gel electrophoresis, polyacrylamide gel			
	electrophoresis.			

Book for study:

- 1. The cell: A molecular approach, Geoffrey M. Cooper, ASM Press, 2013.
- 2. Biophysics, VasanthaPattabhi, N. Gautham, Narosa Publishing, 2009
- 3. Biophysics, P. S. Mishra VK Enterprises, 2010.
- 4. Biophysics, M. A Subramanian, MJP Publishers, 2005.
- 5. Bioinstrumentation, L. Veerakumari, MJP Publishers, 2006.

Books for Reference:

- 1. Chemical Biophysics by Daniel A Beard (Cambridge University Press, 2008).
- 2. Essential cell biology by Bruce Albert et al (Garland Science)
- 3. Biophysics, W. Hoppe, W. Lohmann, H. Markl and H. Ziegler. Springer Verlag, Berlin (1983).
- 4. Membrane Biophysics by Mohammad Ashrafuzzaman, Jack A. Tuszynski, (Springer science & business media).
- 5. Biological spectroscopyby Iain D. Campbell, Raymond A. Dwek

Web Resources / E-Books

- 1. General Bio: http://www.biology.arizona.edu/DEFAULT.html
- 2. Spectroscopy: http://www.cis.rit.edu/htbooks/nmr/inside.htm
- 3. Electrophoresis:http://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/labs/gel/
- 4. Online biophysics programs: http://mw.concord.org/modeler/
- 5. https://blanco.biomol.uci.edu/WWWResources.html

Pedagogy:

Chalk and Talk, Seminar, Quiz, and Group Discussion.

Rationale for Nature of the course:

Learn about the basic concepts of biophysical function of membrane and neuron.

Activities to be given

To analyse and interpret data from various techniques available for biological macromolecules

Course Learning Outcomes(CLOs):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CLO	Course Learning Outcomes	K- Level
CO1	Understand the structural organization and function of living cells	Upto K5
	and should able to apply the cell signaling mechanism and its	
	electrical activities.	
CO2	Comprehension of the role of biomolecular conformation to	Upto K5
	function.	
CO3	Conceptual understanding of the function of biological membranes	Upto K5
	and also to understand the functioning of nervous system.	
CO4	To know the effects of various radiations on living systems and how	Upto K5
	to prevent ill effects of radiations.	
CO5	Analyze and interpret data from various techniques viz.,	Upto K5
	spectroscopy, crystallography, chromatography etc.,	

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	1

1. Basic level 2. Intermediate level 3.Advance level

Lesson Plan (TOTAL HOURS :75 Hrs)

Units	Course content	Hours	Mode
	CELLULAR BIOPHYSICS Architecture and Life Cycle of cells –	15	Chalk and
	Organelles of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell – Cell size and shape		Talk &
I	- Fine structure of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell organization -		Seminar
	Compartment & assemblies membrane system – Extracellular matrix		
	- Molecular mechanisms of Vesicular traffic - Electrical activities of		
	cardiac and neuronal cells.		
	MOLECULAR BIOPHYSICS Macromolecular structure: Protein		
	structure – amino acids, peptide bonds, primary, secondary, tertiary		
	and quaternary structures of proteins -Nucleic acid structure:	15	Chalk and
II	nucleosides and nucleotides, RNA structure, DNA structure and		Talk &
	conformation. Special Bio-macromolecules: Metalloproteins,		Seminar
	nucleoproteins, ribozymes, chaperons and prions.		
	MEMBRANE AND NEURO BIOPHYISCS Models membranes -		
	Biological membranes and dynamics - Membrane Capacitors -		
III	Transport across cell and organelle membranes – Ion channels.	15	Chalk and
	Nervous system: Organization of the nervous system –Membrane		Talk &
	potential - Origins of membrane potential - Electrochemical		Seminar
	potentials – Nernst equation – Goldman equation.		
	RADIATION BIO PHYSICS X-Ray: Effects on bio-	15	Chalk and
	macromolecules - Gamma Radiation: Molecular effects of gamma		Talk &
IV	radiation, Radiation effects on nucleic acids and membranes, Effects		Seminar
	on cell and organelles – UV radiation: Effects on biomacromolecules		
	and proteins – Radiation hazards and protection – use of radiations		
	in cancer.		
	PHYSICAL METHODS IN BIOLOGY Spectroscopy: UV-		
	Visible absorption spectrophotometry – Optical Rotatory Dispersion		
	(ORD) – Structure Determination: X-ray Crystallography, Electron		
	spin resonance (ESR) and biological applications. Chromatography:		
	Thin layer chromatography (TLC), Gas liquid chromatography	15	
V	(GLC) – Centrifugation: Differential centrifugation, density gradient		Chalk and
	centrifugation. Electrophoresis: Gel electrophoresis, polyacrylamide		Talk &
	gel electrophoresis.		Seminar