E.M.G. YADAVA WOMEN'S COLLEGE, MADURAI – 625 014.

(An Autonomous Institution – Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University) Re-accredited (3rd Cycle) with Grade A⁺ & CGPA 3.51 by NAAC

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY



TANSCHE-CBCS with OBE MASTER OF SCIENCE PROGRAMME CODE - PI

COURSE STRUCTURE

(w.e.f. 2023 - 2024 Batch onwards)

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TANSCHE - CBCS with OBE

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY-PG (w.e.f. 2023 – 2024 Batch onwards)

VISION

To create the most favorable environment for quality academic oriented undergraduate and postgraduate education in information technology.

To develop the programming skills and to meet the current trends of information technology.

Prepare the students for a technological society and orient them towards serving the society.

MISSION

To impart high quality professional training at the postgraduate and undergraduate level with an emphasis on basic principles of information technology.

To produce technologically competent and ethically responsible graduates through balanced and dynamic curriculum.

To take up creative project work in collaboration with IT Industries and professional societies to make the nation as a knowledge-power.

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs) M.Sc. Information Technology

S. No.	On completion of the Programme, the student will
PEO1	Identify, design, and analyze complex computer systems and implement and interpret the
	results from those systems.
PEO2	Design, implement and evaluate a computer-based system, or process component, to meet
	the desired needs within the realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social,
	political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability.
PEO3	Review literature and indulge in research using research based knowledge and methods to
	design new experiments, analyze, and interpret data to draw valid conclusions.
PEO4	Select and apply current techniques, skills, and tools necessary for computing practice and
	integrate IT-based solutions into the user environment effectively.
PEO5	Apply contextual knowledge to assess professional, legal, health, social and cultural issues
	during profession practice.
PEO6	Analyze the local and global impact of computing on individuals, organizations, and
	society.

S.No.	Graduate	On Completion of the Programme, the student will			
	Attribute				
PO1	Knowledge Base	Provides technology-oriented students with the knowledge and ability			
		to develop creative solutions.			
PO2	Problem Analysis &	Get ability to apply knowledge of new technologies to the real-world			
	Investigation	issues.			
PO3	PO3 Design/development Design and develop computer programs/compute				
	of solutions	the areas related to algorithms, networking, web design, cloud			
		computing, Artificial Intelligence, Mobile applications.			
PO4	Conduct	Get some development experience within a specific field of			
	investigations of	Information Technology through project work.			
	complex problems				
PO5	Communication	Be familiar with current research within various fields of Information			
	Skills & Design	Technology.			
PO6	Life-long learning	Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage			
		in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of			
		technological change.			

Programme Outcomes: Program Outcomes (POs)

S. No.	Graduate	On Completion of the Programme, the student will					
	Attribute						
PSO1	Knowledge Base	At the end of the programme, the student should be able to					
		Understand the concepts and applications in the field of Information					
		Technology like Web designing and development, Mobile					
		application development, and Network and communication					
		technologies.					
PSO2	Problem Analysis &	Competent and complete software professional to meet the					
	Investigation	requirement of corporate world and Industry standard to provide					
		solutions to industry, society and business.					
PSO3	Design/development	Understand the technological developments in the usage of modern					
	of solutions	design and development tools to analyze and design for a variety of					
		applications.					
PSO4	Conduct	Apply the learning from the courses and develop applications for real					
	investigations of	world problems.					
	complex problems						
PSO5	Communication	Analyst who can apply latest technologies who can analyze and					
	Skills & Design	synthesize computing systems through quantitative and qualitative					
		techniques to solve problems in the areas of Information Technology.					
PSO6:	Life-long learning	Develop strong skills in systematic planning, developing, testing,					
		implementing and providing IT solutions for different domains which					
		helps in the betterment of life.					

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs) with Graduate Attributes

Eligibility for Admission

Candidates should have passed with minimum 55% in B.Sc. Computer Science / Information Technology / Computer Application of Madurai Kamaraj University or an Examination of any other University accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent there to shall be eligible for admission to M.Sc. Degree Course in Computer Science.

Duration of the Course

The students shall undergo prescribed course of study for the period of two academic years consists of four semesters under CBCS semester pattern with Outcome Based Education.

Medium of Instruction: English

System: Choice Based Credit System with Outcome Based Education Model.

Nature of the Course

Courses are classified according to the following nature

- 1. Knowledge Oriented Skill
- 3. Employability Oriented
- 3. Entrepreneurship Oriented

Outcome Based Education (OBE) & Assessment

Students understanding must be built on and assessed for wide range of learning activities, which includes different approaches and are classified along several bases, such as

Based on purpose:

Formative (Internal tests, Assignment, Seminar, Quiz, Documentation, Case lets, ICT based

Assignment, Mini Projects administered during the learning process) Summative (Evaluation of students learning at the end of instructional unit)

Based on Domain knowledge: (Post Graduate Up to K5 Levels)

Assessment through K1, K2, K3, K4, K5

Evaluation

Continuous Internal Assessment Test: 25 marks

Summative (External)	: 75 marks

Total : 100 marks

CIA-Continuous Internal Assessment: 25 Marks

Components	Marks
Test (Average of two tests)	
(Conduct for 120 marks and converted into 12 marks)	12
Creative Assignment	3
Assignment	5
Seminar	5
Total	25

- Centralized system of Internal Assessment Tests
- There will be a two Internal Assessment Tests
- Duration of Internal Assessment Test I and II will be 2 1/2 hours.
- Students shall write retest on the genuine grounds if they are absent in either Test I & Test II with the approval of Head of the Department.

Question Paper Pattern for Continuous Internal Assessment Test I and Test II

Section	Marks
A – Multiple Choice Questions (8x1Mark)	8
B – Short Answer (6 x 2 Marks)	12
C – Either Or type (4/8 x 5 Marks)	20
D – Open Choice type (2/4 x 10 Marks)	20
Total	60

Conducted for 120 marks and converted into 15 marks

Question]	Paper Pattern	for Summati	ve Examination
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Section	Marks
A – Multiple Choice Questions without choice	10
(10x 1Mark)	
B – Short Answer Questions without choice (5 x 2 Marks)	10
C – Either Or type (5/10 X 5Marks)	25
D – Open Choice type(3out of 5 X 10Marks)	30
Total	75

• In respect of external examinations passing minimum is **45%** for Post Graduate Courses and in total, aggregate of **50%**.

Latest amendments and revisions as per UGC and TANSCHE Norms are taken into consideration in curriculum preparation.

Blooms Taxonomy	Internal A	ssessment	External
	Ι	II	Assessment
Knowledge (K1)	8 %	8 %	5 %
Understanding (K2)	8 %	8 %	14 %
Apply (K3)	24 %	24 %	27%
Analyze (K4)	30 %	30 %	27%
Evaluate (K5)	30%	30%	27%

Distribution of Marks in % with K levels CIA I, II & External Assessment

		vel	Se	ection A	Sect	tion B	Section C	Section D			
SI.No	CL0 s	K-Level	MCO (No Choi)	Short Answers (No Choice)				(Either or Type)	(Open Choice)	Total
			No. of Questions	K-Level	No. of Questions	K- Level					
1	CL01	Upto K5	1 2	K1 K2	1 1	K1 K3	1(K3) 1(K5)	1(K4)			
2	CLO2	Upto K5	2 1	K1 K2	1 1	K1 K2	1(K3) (Each set of questions must be in the same level)	1(K4) 1(K5)			
3.	CLO3	Upto K5	1 1	K1 K2	1 1	K2 K3	1(K4)	1(K4)			
No	o. of Ques to be ask		8		6		8	4	26		
N	o .of Que Be ansv		8		6		4	2	20		
	Marks for each question		1		2		5	10			
ſ	Total Mar each sec	-	8		12		40	40	100		

BLUE PRINT FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT–I Articulation Mapping –K Levels with Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)

BLUE PRINT FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT-II

		evel		Section A	Se	ection B	Section C	Section D	Total		
SI	CLO'S K-Level		0's	K-L	MCQs (No Choice)		Short Answers (No Choice)		(Either or	(Open Choice	Τc
	-		No. of Questions	K-Level	No. of Questions	K-Level	Type))			
1	CLO3	Upto K5	1 2	K1 K2	1 1	K1 K3	1(K3) 1(K5)	1(K4)			
2	CLO4	Upto K5	2 1	K1 K2	1 1	K1 K2	1(K3) (Each set of questions must be in The same level)	1(K4) 1(K5)			
3.	CLO5	Upto K5	1 1	K1 K2	1 1	K2 K3	1(K4)	1(K5)			
Qı	No. o estions asked	to be	8		6		8	4	26		
No	o. of Que Be answ	estions to wered	8		6		4	2	20		
	larks for each uestion		1		2		5	10			
Т	otal Maı each sec		8		12		40	40	100		

Articulation Mapping –K Levels with Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)

CIA	K Levels	Section- A MCQ (No choice)	Section –B (Short Answer (No choice)	Section- C (Either or Type)	Section-D (Open Choice)	Total Marks	% of Marks
	K1	4	4			8	8
Ι	K2	4	4			8	8
	K3		4	20		24	24
	K4			10	20	30	30
	K5			10	20	30	30
	Marks	8	12	40	40	100	100
	K1	4	4			8	8
	K2	4	4			8	8
II	K3		4	20		24	24
	K4			10	20	30	30
	K5			10	20	30	30
	Marks	8	12	40	40	100	100

Distribution of Marks with choice K Levels CIA - I and CIA - II

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE

SI.No	CLOS	K-Level	Sect A MC (N choi	Qs o	Section B Short Answers (No choice) No. of K-		Section C (Either/ or Type)	Section D (open choice)	Total
			No. of	_K-					
			Questio ns	Level	Questio ns	Level			
1	CLO1	Upto K4	2	K1	115		2(K3&K3)	1(K3)	
2	CLO2	Upto K4	2	K1			2(K3&K3	1(K4)	
3	CLO3	Upto K4			2	K2	2(K4&K4)	1(K4)	
4	CLO4	Upto K5			2	K2	2(K5&K5)	1(K5)	
5	CLO5	Upto K5			2	K2		1(K5)	
No	o. of Ques	stions to	4		3		8	5	20
	be ask	ed							
No	o. of Ques	stions to	4		3		4	2	13
	be answ	ered							
	Marks f	for each	1		2		5	10	
	ques								
T	otal Marl	ks for	4		6		20	20	50
	each sect	tion							(Marks)

Articulation Mapping –K Levels with Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) for Internal Assessment (SEC)

Distribution of Section-wise Marks with K Levels for Internal Assessment (SEC)

K Levels	Section A (MCQ'S) (No choice)	Section B(Short Answer) (No choice)	Section C(Either or Type)	Section D (Open Choice)	Total Mark s	% of Marks
K1	4				4	4
K2		6			6	6
K3			20	10	30	30
K4			10	20	30	30
K5			10	20	30	30
Total Marks	4	6	40	50	100	

K1-Rememberingandrecallingfactswithspecificanswers.

K2- Basic understanding off acts and stating main ideas with general answers.

K3-Application oriented Solving Problems, Justifying the statement and deriving inferences

K4- Examining, analyzing, presentation and make inferences with evidences.

K5-Evaluating, making Judgments based on criteria

SUMMATIVE EXAMINATION -BLUE PRINT

Articulation Mapping –K Levels with Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) for External Assessment

		K-Level	Secti	on A	Section B		Section C	Section D	Total
No.	õ	K -]	MC		Sh		(Either/	(open	
SI.No	CLOs		(N cho			swers No	or Type)	choice)	
						oice)	Type)		
			No. of	К-	No. of	К-			
			Questio	Level	Questi	Level			
			ns		ons				
1	CLO1	Upto K4	2	K1&K2	1	K1	2(K2&K2)	1(K3)	
2	CLO2	Upto K4	2	K1&K2	1	K2	2(K3&K3)	1(K4)	
3	CLO3	Upto K4	2	K1&K2	1	K3	2(K3&K3)	1(K4)	
4	CLO4	Upto K5	2	K1&K2	1	K4	2(K4 &K4)	1(K5)	
5	CLO5	Upto K5	2	K1&K2	1	K5	2(K5 &K5)	1(K5)	
No	o. of Ques	stions to	10		5		1	5	30
	be ask	ed					0		
No	o. of Ques	stions to	10		5		5	3	23
	be answ						-		-
	Marks f	for each	1		2		5	10	
	ques	stion							
Т	otal Marl	ks for	10		10		2	30	75
	each sect	tion					5		(Marks)

Distribution of Section-wise Marks with K Levels for External Assessment

K Levels	Section A (MCQ'S) (No choice)	Section B (Short Answer) (No choice)	Section C (Either or Type)	Section D (Open Choice)	Total Marks	% of Marks
K1	5	2	-	-	7	5
K2	5	2	10	-	17	14
K3	-	2	20	10	32	27
K4	-	2	10	20	32	27
K5	-	2	10	20	32	27
Total Marks	10	10	50	50	120	100

K1-Remembering and recalling facts with specific answers.

K2- Basic understanding of facts and stating main ideas with general answers.

K3-Application oriented Solving Problems, Justifying the statement and deriving inferences

K4- Examining, analyzing, presentation and make inferences with evidences.

K5-Evaluating, making Judgments based on criteria

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DEPARTMENTOFINFORMATIONTECHNOLOGY-PG TANSCHE – CBCS with OBE

					of s.)	Mar	ks All	otted	S
Semester	Part	Course Code	CourseTitle	Teaching hrs. (per week)	Duration of Exam (hrs.)	CIA	SE	Total	CREDITS
		230PIT11	Core Course – 1 Python Programming	7	3	25	75	100	5
		230PIT11P	Core Course – 2 Practical : Python Programming Lab	7	3	40	60	100	5
Ι	Part A	23OPIT12P	Core Course – 3 Practical : Web Development using Word Press Lab	6	3	40	60	100	4
		230PITDSE1A	Elective - I Computer System Architecture	5	3	25	75	100	4
		230PITDSE1C	Elective – II Data Structures and Algorithms	5	3	25	75	100	4
		230PIT21	Core Course – 4 Database Systems	6	3	25	75	100	4
		230PIT21P	Core Course – 5 Practical: RDBMS Lab	6	3	40	60	100	4
	Part A	230PIT22P	Core Course – 6 Practical: Open Source Technologies Lab	6	3	40	60	100	4
Π		230PITDSE2B	Elective - III Operating Systems	5	3	25	75	100	4
		230PITDSE2D	Elective - IV Advanced Software Engineering	5	3	25	75	100	4
	Part B	230PITSEC21	Skill Enhancement Course – SEC 1 Multimedia	2	3	25	75	100	2

COURSE STRUCTURE (w.e.f. 2023 –2024 Batch onwards)

Semester I: Elective I and Elective II

Elective I to be chosen from Group A and Elective II to be chosen from Group B

Group A:

1. Computer System Architecture	- 230PITDSE1A
2. Principles of Compiler Design	- 230PITDSE1B
Group B:	
1. Data Structures and Algorithms	- 230PITDSE1C
2. Object Oriented Analysis and Design	- 230PITDSE1D

Semester II: Elective III & Elective IV

Elective III to be chosen from Group C and Elective IV to be chosen from Group D

Group C:

1. Digital Image Processing	- 230PITDSE2A
2. Operating Systems	- 23OPITDSE2B
Group D:	
1. Human Computer Interaction	- 230PITDSE2C
2. Advanced Software Engineering	- 230PITDSE2D

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				Class: I M.Sc.				
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
Ι	Core	230PIT11	Python Programming	5	7	25	75	100

Nature of the Course								
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented						
~	V							

Course Objectives:

- 1. To acquire skill in core Python Programming and identify Python Objects.
- 2. To learn the functions and functional programming in Python.
- 3. To gain the knowledge on Object Oriented Programming and Exception handling.
- 4. To expertise on GUI Programming using Widgets in Python.
- 5. To develop Database Applications in Python.

Course Content:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	K Level	CLO
Ι	Core Python: Introduction -Python Basics: Comments - Statements and syntax – variable Assignment - Identifiers - Python objects: Built-in-types - Internal types - Standard Type operators - Standard Type Built-in-functions. Numbers :Introduction to Numbers - Integers –Floating point numbers- Complex numbers-Operators-Built-in and factory functions–Conditionals and Loops-Sequences: Strings, Lists and	Hours 21	Up to K4	CLO1
П	Tuples. Mapping and set types. Functions and functional programming: Introduction Calling functions- Creating functions- passing functions-Formal arguments- Variable Length Arguments-Functional Programming- Variable Scope –	21	Up to K4	CLO2
	Recursion.			

ш	Modules: Modules and Files – namespaces - Importing Modules - Features - Built-in functions. Object Oriented Programming: Introduction-	21	Up to K4	CLO3
	Object Oriented Programming – Encapsulation Inheritance–Polymorphism			
	- Errors and Exceptions: Introduction – Exceptions in Python.			
	GUI Programming: Introduction –		Up to K5	CLO4
	Using Widgets: Core widgets- Generic widget properties –Labels–			
IV	Buttons-RadioButtons-	21		
	CheckButtons-Text-Entry-			
	ListBoxes–Menus–Frame– Scroll Bars			
	– Scale.			
	Database Programming: Connecting		Up to K5	CLO5
v	to a data base using Mongo DB-	21		
	Creating Tables-INSERT-UPDATE-	~1		
	DELETE-READ operations.			

Text Books:

- Wesley J. Chun. (2007). "Core Python Programming". Pearson Education. Second Edition. (Unit I, II, III).
- CharlesDierbach.(2015). "IntroductiontoComputerScienceUsingPythonAComputat ional Problem-Solving Focus". Wiley India Edition. (Unit III- Object Oriented Programming)
- 3. Martin. C Brown. (2018). "*The Complete Reference Python*". McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited. (Unit IV)

Reference Books:

- MarkLutz.(2013). Learning Python Powerful Object Oriented Programming .O"reilly Media. Fifth Edition.
- Timothy. A. Budd.(2011), *Exploring Python*. Tata MCGraw Hill Education Private Limited. First Edition.
- 3. AllenDowney. Jeffrey Elkner. Chris Meyers . (2012). *How to think like a computer scientist :learning with Python.*

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds
- 2. http://www.ibiblio.org/g2swap/byteofpython/read/
- 3. http://www.diveintopython3.net/
- 4. http://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html

Rationale for nature of Course:

- Knowledge and Skill: To make students developing well-designed, efficient, and testable code. Conducting software analysis, programming, testing, and debugging.
- Activities to be given: Student to be designing, building and maintaining Python applications & websites.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Explain the basic concepts in python language	K1 to K4
CO2	Apply the various functions and modules in python for processing the data.	K1 to K4
CO3	Analyzeandsolveproblemsusingbasicconstructsandtechniquesofpyth on.	K1 to K4
CO4	Assess the approaches used in the development of interactive application.	K1 to K5
CO5	To build real time programs using python.	K1 to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	3	3

LESSON PLAN

		No. of	Mode of
UNIT	Course Content	Hours	Teaching
	Core Python: Introduction -Python Basics: Comments -		Chalk and
	Statements and syntax – variable Assignment - Identifiers		Talk, PPT
	- Python objects: Built-in-types - Internal types -		
I	Standard Type operators - Standard Type Built-in-	21	
1	functions. Numbers: Introduction to Numbers - Integers	21	
	-Floating point numbers-Complex numbers-Operators-		
	Built-in and factory functions-Conditionals and Loops-		
	Sequences: Strings, Lists and Tuples.		
	Mapping and set types. Functions and functional		Chalk and
	programming: Introduction Calling functions- Creating		Talk, PPT
II	functions- passing functions-Formal arguments-Variable	21	
	Length Arguments-Functional Programming- Variable		
	Scope – Recursion.		
	Modules: Modules and Files – namespaces - Importing		Chalk and
	Modules - Features - Built-in functions. Object Oriented		Talk, PPT
III	Programming: Introduction-Object Oriented	21	
111	Programming – Encapsulation Inheritance–	21	
	Polymorphism - Errors and Exceptions: Introduction –		
	Exceptions in Python.		
	GUI Programming: Introduction – Using Widgets:		Chalk and
IV	Core widgets- Generic widget properties -Labels-	21	Talk, PPT
IV	Buttons-RadioButtons-CheckButtons-Text-Entry-	21	
	ListBoxes-Menus-Frame- Scroll Bars - Scale.		
	Database Programming: Connecting to a data base		Seminar, PPT
V	using Mongo DB-Creating Tables-INSERT-	21	presentation
	UPDATE-DELETE-READ operations.		
	Total	105	

Course Designer Mrs.S.Sumathi

D	DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				Class: I M.Sc.			
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours /	CIA	SE	Total
					Week			
Ι	Core Practical	23OPIT11P	Practical : Python Programming Lab	5	7	40	60	100

Nature of the Course					
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented			
V					

Course Objectives:

- 1. To know the concept of functions in Python.
- 2. To use basic flow control, including for loops and conditionals read data from text files.
- 3. To understand the modules and string processing method are design.
- 4. To analyze the sets, class, object polymorphism for code reusability function.
- 5. To create the multiple form inheritance, GUI application and connect the working with data.

Course Content & Lesson plan:

UNIT	Details	No. of Hours	Course Objectives	Mode of Teaching
Ι	 Python Basic programs Control Structures 	21	CO1	Demo &Practical Session
II	 Lists Functions and Recursions 	21	CO2	Demo &Practical Session
III	 Modules String Processing 	21	CO3	Demo &Practical Session
IV	 Dictionaries and Sets Classes and Objects Polymorphism 	21	CO4	Demo &Practical Session
V	 10. Inheritance 11. GUI Application 12. Working with Database 	21	CO5	Demo &Practical Session

Text Books:

- 1. Nageswara Rao.R. (2017). Core Python Programming . Dream tech press. Edition.
- Dusty Philips. (2015). Python 3 Object Oriented Programming. PACKT Publishing. Second Edition.
- 3. Martin.C. Brown. (2018). *The Complete Reference Python*. McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited.

Reference Books:

- 1. TimothyA.Budd,(2011). *Exploring Python*. Tata MCGraw Hill Education Private Limited. First Edition.
- 2. Allen Downey. JeffreyElkner. ChrisMeyers.(2012). *How to think like a computer scientist: learning with Python.*

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds
- 2. http://www.ibiblio.org/g2swap/byteofpython/read/
- 3. http://www.diveintopython3.net/
- 4. http://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html

Rationale for nature of Course:

- Knowledge and Skill: To make students developing well-designed, efficient, and testable code. Conducting software analysis, programming, testing, and debugging.
- Activities to be given: Student to be designing, building and maintaining Python applications & websites.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Analyze the python programming language to construct basic programs.	K1 to K4
CO2	Determine collections such as list, tuple, range, dictionary and sets.	K1 to K4
CO3	Classify the functions, classes and objects from those classes the concepts of inheritance and polymorphism for code reusability and extensibility.	K1 to K4
CO4	Create and animate a variety of shapes and develop an application with graphical user interface GUI.	K1 to K5
CO5	Extend the knowledge of python programming to build successful career in software development.	K1 to K5

CO/PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6
C01	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	2

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

Course Designer Mrs.S.Sumathi

D	DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				Class: I M.Sc.			
Sem.	Category	Course	Course Course Title Credits		Contact	CIA	SE	Total
		Code			Hours / Week			
Ι	Core	23OPIT12P	Practical : Web	4	6	40	60	100
	Practical		Development using					
			Word Press Lab					

Nature of the Course				
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented		
~	 ✓ 			

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the Content management system (CMS)
- 2. To learn the method of Free and Open-source
- 3. To build it allows you to host and build websites.
- 4. To learn the Plugin architecture
- 5. To create template system, so you can customize any website to fit your business, blog, portfolio, or online store.

Course Content & Lesson plan:

UNIT	Details	No. of Hours	Course Objectives	Mode of Teaching
Ι	IntroductiontoHTML:Lists-AddingGraphicstoHTMLDocuments-Tables-LinkingDocuments-Frames-DevelopingHTML FormsExercises:1.Creating ordered and unordered Listsusing Simple tags2.Creating Tables3.Creating Hyperlinks4.Creating Frames	18	CO1	Demo & Practical Session
П	 Dynamic HTML: Cascading Style Sheets- Use of SPAN Tag-External Style Sheets – Use of DIV Tag - Developing Websites Exercises: Creating Embedded style sheet Use of External style sheet Creating Inline style sheet 	18	CO2	Demo & Practical Session
III	Introduction to JavaScript : JavaScript in Web Pages - Advantages - Writing JavaScript	18	CO3	Demo &Practical Session

	Total	90		
	publishing.			
	using word press and prepare it for			
	Case Study: Design a complete website			
	Exercises:			
V	archive Page results – Testing and Launching.	18	CO5	
	page – Dynamic Sidebars and Widgets-Page-			
	Foundation - Menu and navigation- Home			
	administration- Word press: Theming basics - Our First Word Press Website - Theme			Session
	Word Press: Installation - Stetting and			Demo &Practical
	5. Using Built-in Objects			
	Year			
	4. Form Validation for Date, Month and			
	and Password			
	3. Form Validation for Name, E-Mail Id			
	2. Creating Forms			
IV	1. Handling Events	18	CO4	
	Exercises:			
	in Objects.			
	Forms used by a Website: Form Object-Built-			
	HTML-Handling Events using JavaScript.			
	Introduction-Understanding Objects in			&Practical Session
	Java Script Document Object Model:			Demo
	4. Creating Dialog Box			
	3. Using Arrays and Functions			
	2. Using Looping constructs			
	1. Using Conditional checking			
	Exercises:			
	Text in a Browser-Dialog Boxes.			
	in Functions, User-Defined Functions-Placing			
	Checking, Controlled Loops, Functions: Built-			
	- Operators and Expressions- JavaScript Programming Construct: Conditional			
	into HTML - Basic Programming Techniques			

Text Books:

- Ivan.N. Bayross,(2005). Web Enabled Commercial Applications Development Using HTML, DHTML, JavaScript, perl CGI, 3rdEdition, BPB Publications. (Unit I, II, III and IV)
- JesseFriedman.(2012). Web Designer's Guide to Word Press: Plan, Theme, Build, Launch (Voices That Matter), 1stEdition, New Riders. (Unit V)

Reference Books:

- 1. Gopalan, N. P, J.Akilandeswari, (2009). *Web Technology: A Developers* Perspective. Eastern Economy Edition. PHI Learning Private Limited.
- 2. Deitel & Deitel. (2000). Internet and World Wide Web How to program. Prentice Hall.
- 3. JonDuckett,(2004), *Beginning Web Programming with HTML, XHTML ,and CSS, Wiley* Publishing,Inc.

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. http://www.sergey.com/web_course/content.html
- 2. http://www.pageresource.com/jscript/index.html
- 3. http://www.peachpit.com/guides/content.aspx
- 4. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/wordpress/index.htm

Rationale for nature of Course:

- Knowledge and Skill: To make students developing well-designed, efficient, and testable code. Conducting software analysis, programming, testing, and debugging.
- Activities to be given: Student to be designing, building and maintaining application in word press.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Identify the tools which will be suitable for the requirement of	K1 to K4
	the webpage.	
CO2	Implement Java script and Style Sheets effectively in the Web	K1 to K4
02	Pages	
CO3	Analyze the different tools and built-in functions available to	K1 to K4
005	be applied in the Web page.	
CO4	Rate the design and effectiveness of the Web Pages created.	K1 to K5
CO5	Design and publish a website using Word press.	K1 to K5

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	3	3

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

Course Designer Mrs.R.Lakshmi

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				Class: I M.Sc.				
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
Ι	Elective - I	230PITDSE1A	Computer System Architecture	4	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course					
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented			
 ✓ 					

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the structure, function and characteristics of computer systems.
- 2. To learn the design of the various functional units and operations of computers.
- 3. To identify the elements of modern instructions sets and impact on processor design.
- 4. To identify and compare different methods for computer I/O.
- 5. To gain the knowledge on functions of each element of a memory hierarchy.

Course Content:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objectives
I	UNIT I BASIC COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND DESIGN: Instruction Codes – Stored Program Organization – Indirect Address – Computer Registers – Computer Instructions – Timing and Control – Instruction Cycle – Memory Reference Instructions.	15	Up to K4	CO1
II	UNIT II PROGRAMMING THE BASIC COMPUTER: Instruction – Machine Language – Assembly Language – The Assembler – Program Loops – Programming Arithmetic and Logic Operations – Subroutines – Input/output Programming.	15	Up to K4	CO2
Ш	UNIT III CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT: Introduction – General Register Organization – Stack Organization – Instruction Formats – Addressing Modes – Data Transfer and Manipulation – Program Control – Reduced Instruction Set Computer.	15	Up to K4	CO3

IV	UNIT IV INPUT/OUTPUT ORGANIZATION: Peripheral Devices – I/O Interface – Priority Interrupt – Direct Memory Access – DMA Controller – DMA Transfer.	15	Up to K5	CO4
v	UNIT V MEMORY ORGANIZATION: Memory Hierarchy – Main Memory – Auxiliary Memory – Associative Memory – Cache Memory – Virtual Memory.	15	Up to K5	CO5

Text Book:

1. Morris Mano. M. (2008). *Computer System Architecture*. Prentice Hall of India.PEARSON. 3rd Edition.

Reference Books:

- 1. Carl Hamacher. *Computer System Architecture*. (2002). 5th Edition. TATA McGRAW Hill.
- 2. John P. Hayes. (1996) .Computer Architecture and Organization. Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Hamatcher.V.C. (1996). Computer Organization. Tata McGraw Hill.

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. http://www.labri.fr/perso/strandh/Teaching/AMP/Common/Strandh-Tutorial/Dir.html
- 2. http://www.computer-pdf.com/architecture/
- 3. http://www.uotechnology.edu.iq/depcse/lectures/3/
- 4. http://www.csie.nuk.edu.tw/~kcf/course/ComputerArchitecture/
- http://www.ecs.csun.edu/~cputnam/Comp546/Putnam/Cache%20Memory.pdf(Un itV: Cache Memory)

Rationale for nature of Course:

- Knowledge and Skill: To Student to make the Knowledge, Problem Solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferrable Skill.
- Activities to be given: Students to make architecture is the design and construction of buildings, combining art, mathematics, science and logistics. During an architecture degree, you will learn how to draw accurate designs of buildings either by hand or with computer software.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Demonstrate the fundamental concept of Computer Organization and Design.	K1 to K4
CO2	Explain the various types of Programming Arithmetic and Logic Operations.	K1 to K4
CO3	Apply the various Instruction Formats and Addressing Modes	K1 to K4
CO4	Analyze the various design of Peripheral Devices and I/O Interface.	K1 to K5
CO5	Distinguish the major components of a computer memory and storage.	K1 to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	3	3

LESSON PLAN

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Course Objectives	Mode of Teaching
I	UNIT I BASIC COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND DESIGN: Instruction Codes – Stored Program Organization – Indirect Address – Computer Registers – Computer Instructions – Timing and Control – Instruction Cycle – Memory Reference Instructions.	15	CO1	Chalk and Talk, PPT
II	UNIT II PROGRAMMING THE BASIC COMPUTER: Instruction – Machine Language – Assembly Language – The Assembler – Program Loops – Programming Arithmetic and Logic Operations – Subroutines – Input/output Programming.	15	CO2	Chalk and Talk, PPT

	UNIT III CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT:			Chalk and
	Introduction – General Register Organization –			Talk, PPT
	Stack Organization – Instruction Formats –			
III	Addressing Modes – Data Transfer and	15	CO3	
	Manipulation – Program Control – Reduced			
	Instruction Set Computer.			
	UNIT IV INPUT/OUTPUT ORGANIZATION:			Chalk and
	Peripheral Devices – I/O Interface – Priority	1.5	GO 4	Talk, PPT
IV	Interrupt – Direct Memory Access – DMA	15	CO4	
	Controller – DMA Transfer.			
	UNIT V MEMORY ORGANIZATION: Memory			Seminar,
	Hierarchy – Main Memory – Auxiliary Memory –			PPT
V	Associative Memory – Cache Memory – Virtual	15	CO5	presentation
	Memory.			
	Total	75		

Course Designer Mrs.G.Amudha

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				Class: I M.Sc.				
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
Ι	Elective - I	230PITDSE1B	Principles of Compiler Design	4	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course						
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented				
 ✓ 						

Course Objectives:

- 1. To acquire knowledge Structure of Compiler design, Lexical Analysis and Syntax Analysis.
- 2. To learn the Finite Automata from regular expression.
- 3. To classify the derivation and parse trees.
- 4. To acquire knowledge on constructing SLR parsing tables, gain various algorithm techniques like Backtracking and Branch and Bound.
- 5. To analyze the Representing Scope information of Code Optimization.

Course Content:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objectives
Ι	Compilers and Translators-Why Do We Need Translators?-The Structure of A Compiler- Lexical Analysis-Syntax Analysis-Intermediate Code Generation-Optimization Code Generation-Book Keeping-Error Handling-Compiler-Writing Tools- Getting started.	15	Up to K4	CO1
П	The role of the lexical analyzer-Simple approach to design of a lexical analyzer Regular Expressions- Finite Automata-From regular expression to finite automata-Minimizing the number of states of a DFA-A language for specifying lexical analyzer- Implementing a lexical analyzer.	15	Up to K4	CO2
III	The Syntactic Specification of Programming Languages- Context free grammars - Derivation and Parse Trees – Parsers-Shift-reduce Parsing- Operator-precedence parsing-Top down parsing Predictive Parsers.	15	Up to K4	CO3

IV	LR parsers-The canonical collection of LR(0) items-constructing SLR parsing tables - constructing canonical LR parsing tables- constructing SLR parsing tables-constructing LALR parsing tables. Syntax directed translation schemes - Implementation of syntax directed schemes-Intermediate Code-Parse Tree and Syntax Trees -Three Address code, quadruples, and triples- Translation of assignment statements.	15	Up to K5	CO4
V	The contents of a symbol tables-Data structure for a symbol table-Representing Scope information. Code Optimization -The principal sources of optimization-Loop optimization -The DAG representation of basic blocks-Peephole Optimization.	15	Up to K5	CO5

TEXT BOOK(S):

1. AlfredV.Aho,& Jeffrey D.Ullman.(2002). Principles of Compiler Design.

UNIT I : Chapter 1 UNIT II : Chapter 3(Except 3.9) UNIT III : Chapter 4 (4.1,4.2),5 UNIT IV : Chapter 6(6.1 – 6.5), 7(7.1 – 7.7) UNIT V : Chapter 9,12(12.1,12.2,12.3), 15.7

REFERENCE BOOK(S):

- 1. Allen I. Holub. (2003) .Compiler Design in .C Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Fischer.C.N & LeBlanc.R.J.(2003). Crafting a compiler with C. Pearson publish
- 3. Bennet.J.P. (2003) Introduction to Compiler Techniques. Second Edition. Tata McGraw Hill.

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. https://www3.nd.edu/~dthain/compilerbook/compilerbook.pdf
- 2. https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/214452802.pdf
- http://160592857366.free.fr/joe/ebooks/ShareData/Modern%20Compiler%20Design %202e.pdf
- 4. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/compiler_design/compiler_design_tutorial.pdf

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Demonstrate to design and implement a compiler for lexical	K1 to K4
	rules and grammars for a programming language.	
CO2	Explain the use design of a lexical analyzer and regular expressions.	K1 to K4
CO3	Apply the parser such as a bottom-up SLR parser without using Yacc/Bison or any other compiler-generation tools.	K1 to K4
CO4	Analyze the design and implement LL and LR parsers.	K1 to K5
CO5	Distinguish the design algorithms to generate machine code.	K1 to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CLO1	3	1	2	2	1	2
CLO2	3	2	2	2	2	3
CLO3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CLO4	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO5	3	3	3	3	3	2

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Course Objectives	Mode of Teaching
I	Compilers and Translators-Why Do We Need Translators?-The Structure of A Compiler- Lexical Analysis-Syntax Analysis-Intermediate Code Generation-Optimization Code Generation-Book Keeping-Error Handling-Compiler-Writing Tools- Getting started.	15	CO1	Chalk and Talk, PPT
II	The role of the lexical analyzer-Simple approach to design of a lexical analyzer Regular Expressions-	15	CO2	Chalk and Talk, PPT

	Finite Automata-From regular expression to finite automata-Minimizing the number of states of a DFA-A language for specifying lexical analyzer- Implementing a lexical analyzer.			
III	The Syntactic Specification of Programming Languages-Context free grammars - Derivation and Parse Trees – Parsers-Shift-reduce Parsing- Operator-precedence parsing-Top down parsing Predictive Parsers.	15	CO3	Chalk and Talk, PPT
IV	LR parsers-The canonical collection of LR(0) items-constructing SLR parsing tables - constructing canonical LR parsing tables- constructing SLR parsing tables-constructing LALR parsing tables. Syntax directed translation schemes - Implementation of syntax directed schemes-Intermediate Code-Parse Tree and Syntax Trees -Three Address code, quadruples, and triples- Translation of assignment statements.	15	CO4	Chalk and Talk, PPT
V	The contents of a symbol tables-Data structure for a symbol table-Representing Scope information. Code Optimization -The principal sources of optimization-Loop optimization -The DAG representation of basic blocks-Peephole Optimization.	15	CO5	Seminar, PPT presentation

Course Designer Mrs.R.Rajasangeetha

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY			Class: I M.Sc.					
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
Ι	Elective - II	230PITDSE1C	Data Structures and Algorithms	4	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course							
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented					
V							

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the concept of Trees and Graphs.
- 2. To learn the various Hashing Techniques and Priority Queues.
- 3. To differentiate and classify the various Binary Search Trees.
- 4. To acquire knowledge on dynamic Programming and basic Traversal and Search.
- 5. To gain various algorithm techniques like Backtracking and Branch and Bound.

Course Content:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objectives
	Trees: Heaps–Binary Search Trees–Selection			
	Trees-Forests- Representation of Disjoint Sets -			
	Counting Binary Trees.			
Ι	Graphs: The Graph Abstract Data type –	15	Up to K4	CO1
	Elementary Graph Operations - Minimum Cost			
	Spanning Trees -Shortest Paths and Transitive			
	Closure–Activity Networks.			
	Hashing: Introduction – Static hashing –		Up to K4	CO2
	Dynamic hashing – Bloom filters.			
	Priority Queues: Single and Double ended	15		
II	priority queues – Leftist Trees – Binomial Heaps–			
	Fibonacci Heaps–Pairing Heaps –Symmetric			
	Min-Max Heaps –Interval Heaps.			
	Efficient binary search trees: Optimal Binary			
	Search Trees-AVL Trees- Red Black Trees-	15	Up to K4	CO3
III	Splay Trees. Multiway Search Trees: m-way	13		05
	Search Trees–B-Trees –B+-Trees.			

	Dynamic Programming: The General Method –			
	Multistage graphs – All-pairs shortest paths –			CO4
	Single-source shortest paths - Optimal binary	15		
	search trees – string editing – 0/1 knapsack –			
	reliability design - The Travelling Salesperson			
IV	problem – flow shop scheduling. Basic Traversal		Up to K5	
	and Search Techniques: Techniques for Binary			
	Trees –Techniques for Graphs – Connected			
	Components and Spanning Trees – Bi connected			
	Components and DFS.			
	Backtracking: The General Method-The 8-			
	Queens Problem–Sum of subsets –Graph coloring		Up to K5	CO5
	– Hamiltonian cycles–Knapsack problem.	15		
V	Branch and Bound: The Method–0/1 Knapsack	15		
	problem-Traveling Salesperson (*)- Efficiency			
	considerations.			
	Total	75		

Text Books:

1. EllisHorowitz. Dinesh Meht .& SartajSahni. (2017) *Fundamentals of Data Structures in C++*. University Press(India) Private Limited, Second Edition.

2. EllisHorowitz. SartajSahni. Sanguthevar. & Rajasekaran.(2017).*Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms*. University Press(India) Private Limited, Second Edition.

Reference Book(s)

1. AlfredV. Aho, JohnE. Hopcraft & JeffreyD. Ullman. (2013) *DataStructuresandAlgorithms*, Pearson Education, Fourteenth Impression.

2. TimothyA.Budd-Addison & Wesley. (1994) *Classic DataStructures in C++*, PublishingCo.,FirstEdition.

3. MarkAllenWeiss.(1997) *DataStructure and Algorithm Analysis in C*, Second Edition, PublishingCompany.

4. SaraBaase. & Allen Van Gelder. (2000) Computer Algorithms Introduction to Design & Analysis, Third Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi,

5. A.Chitra.P.T.Rajan.&Vijay Nicol (2006) *DataStructures*, ImprintsPvt. Ltd,McGrawHill Education of India Pvt.Ltd.,

6. S.Sridhar. (2015) Designand Analysis of Algorithms-, Oxford University Press.

Websites and e-Learning resources

1.http://www.cs.sunysb.edu/~skiena/214/lectures/

2.http://datastructures.itgo.com/graphs/dfsbfs.htm

3.http://oopweb.com/Algorithms/Documents/PLDS210/VolumeFrames.html

- 4.http://discuss.codechef.com/questions/48877/data-structures-and-algorithms
- 5. http://code.tutsplus.com/tutorials/algorithms-and-data-structures--cms-20437

Rationale for nature of Course:

- Knowledge and Skill: To make students aware of the Data Structures, Arrays and stacks.
- Activities to be given: Students shall be asked to analyze upcoming or recent development in data structures.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Outline the data structures of Trees and Graphs.	K1 to K4
CO2	Identify the different operations and memory representations using Heaps.	K1 to K4
CO3	Interpret different techniques with Efficient binary search trees and Multiway Search Trees.	K1 to K4
CO4	Analyze the various algorithm techniques Dynamic Programming and Basic Traversal and Search Techniques.	K1 to K5
CO5	Choose an algorithm to solve simple problems suited for appropriate situations using Backtracking and Branch and Bound techniques.	K1 to K5

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CLO1	3	1	2	2	1	2
CLO2	3	2	2	2	2	3
CLO3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CLO4	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO5	3	3	3	3	3	2

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hour s	Cours e Objec tives	Mode of Teaching
	Trees: Heaps–Binary Search Trees–Selection Trees–			Chalk and
	Forests- Representation of Disjoint Sets -Counting Binary Trees.			Talk, PPT
Ι	Graphs: The Graph Abstract Data type – Elementary	15	CO1	
	Graph Operations – Minimum Cost Spanning Trees –			
	Shortest Paths and Transitive Closure-Activity			
	Networks.			
	Hashing: Introduction – Static hashing – Dynamic			Chalk and
	hashing – Bloom filters.			Talk, PPT
	Priority Queues: Single and Double ended priority	15	CO2	
II	queues - Leftist Trees - Binomial Heaps-Fibonacci	15	02	
	Heaps-Pairing Heaps -Symmetric Min-Max Heaps -			
	Interval Heaps.			
	Efficient binary search trees: Optimal Binary Search			Chalk and
	Trees-AVL Trees- Red Black Trees-Splay Trees.	15	CO3	Talk, PPT
III	Multiway Search Trees: m-way Search Trees-B-	15	005	
	Trees –B+-Trees.			
	Dynamic Programming: The General Method –			Chalk and
	Multistage graphs - All-pairs shortest paths - Single-			Talk, PPT
	source shortest paths - Optimal binary search trees -	15	CO4	
IV	string editing $-0/1$ knapsack – reliability design – The	15	04	
	Travelling Salesperson problem – flow shop			
	scheduling. Basic Traversal and Search			

	Techniques: Techniques for Binary Trees –			
	Techniques for Graphs - Connected Components and			
	Spanning Trees – Bi connected Components and DFS.			
	Backtracking: The General Method–The 8-Queens			Seminar,
	Problem–Sum of subsets –Graph coloring –			PPT
v	Hamiltonian cycles-Knapsack problem. Branch and	15	CO5	presentation
	Bound: The Method–0/1 Knapsack problem–			
	Traveling Salesperson (*)– Efficiency considerations.			

Course Designer Ms.B.Yuvashree

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				Class: I M.Sc.				
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
Ι	Elective II	230PITDSE1D	Object Oriented Analysis and Design	4	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course						
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented				
v						

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the concept of object oriented Systems development Methodology.
- 2. To learn the various Object oriented system development life cycle (SDLC).
- 3. To Identify UML dynamic modeling, model management, OOA process
- 4. To acquire knowledge on Object oriented design process a design axioms.
- 5. To Know various object oriented design philosophy and UML object constraint.

Course Content:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objecti ves
Ι	Introduction-Two Orthogonal views-object oriented Systems development Methodology – Object orientation – unified approach – Object Basics –object oriented philosophy – objects – classes – attributes – behavior and methods – Message passing - Encapsulation and information hiding – hierarchy – polymorphism –object relationship and associations– aggregation – a case study– advanced 36 topics.	15	Up to K4	CO1
Π	Object oriented system development life cycle (SDLC) – development process – building high quality software – use-case driven approach – reusability –Object oriented methodologies– introduction–Booch methodology –Jacobson methodologies–patterns–frameworks–unified approach.	15	Up to K4	CO2

	YY *0* 1 1 1 1 1			
	Unified modeling language – introduction – static			
	and dynamic models –modeling – unified modeling		Up to K4	
	language - UML diagrams – UML class diagrams –			
	Use-casediagram–UMLdynamicmodeling-			
ΠΙ	modelmanagement-OOAprocess-introduction -	15		CO3
	difficulty in analysis - business object analysis -			
	use-case driven objectorientedanalysis-			
	businessprocessingmodeling-use-casemodel-			
	developingeffective documentation.			
	Object analysis - classification - common class			
	patterns approach – use-case driven approach			
	- CRC - naming classes - object relationships -			
	associations –Super-Subclass relationships–			
IV	aggregation–class responsibility–object	15	Up to K5	CO4
	responsibility -Object oriented design process an			
	design axioms-introduction-design process-			
	design axioms-design patterns.			
	Designing classesintroduction -object oriented			
	design philosophy –UML object constraint–			
	designing classes – class visibility – defining			
	attributes -designing methods and protocols -		Up to K5	
	Packages and managing classes – Access layer –			
V	Object storage and object interoperability –	15		CO5
	introduction – object store and persistence –			
	Database management systems – database			
	organization and access control – distributed			
	databases.			

Text Books:

1. Ali Bahrami.(2017). Object Oriented Systems Development – McGraw Hill Publications. (Chapters1to11)

Reference Book(s)

1. GradyBooch.(2007). Object Oriented Analysis and Design. Pearson Publication.

Websites and e-Learning resources

1.https://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/document?repid=rep1&type=pdf&doi=7b343ac98d60498a0 041ec6a470b872c76c0f87c 2.https://friendkvvk.files.wordpress.com/2015/08/friendkvvkooad.pdf

Rationale for nature of Course:

Knowledge and Skill: To make students aware of the UML dynamic modeling, OOAprocess **Activities to be given:** Students shall be asked to analyze upcoming or recent development in business object analysis

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Understanding the OOPS concept.	K1 to K4
CO2	Describe the various Object oriented system methodologies.	K1 to K4
CO3	Identify UML dynamic modeling and OOAprocess	K1 to K4
CO4	Acquire knowledge on Object oriented design process an design axioms.	K1 to K5
CO5	Analyze Database management systems and distributing database.	K1 to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

CO/PSO	PSO	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
	1					
CL01	3	1	2	2	1	2
CLO2	3	2	2	2	2	3
CLO3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CLO4	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO5	3	3	3	3	3	2

LESSON PLAN

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Course Objecti ves	Mode of Teaching
	Introduction–Two Orthogonal views–object			Chalk and Talk, PPT,
	oriented Systems development Methodology -			quiz, on the
	Object orientation – unified approach – Object			spot test
	Basics - object oriented philosophy - objects -			
Ι	classes – attributes – behavior and methods –	15	CO1	
	Message passing - Encapsulation and information			
	hiding – hierarchy – polymorphism –object			
	relationship and associations- aggregation - a case			
	study- advanced 36 topics.			
	Object oriented system development life cycle			Chalk and
	(SDLC) - development process - building high			Talk, PPT, quiz, on the
	quality software - use-case driven approach -			spot test
II	reusability –Object oriented methodologies–	15	CO2	
	introduction–Booch methodology –Jacobson			
	methodologies-patterns-frameworks-unified			
	approach.			
	Unified modeling language – introduction – static			Chalk and
	and dynamic models -modeling - unified			Talk, PPT, quiz, on the
	modeling language - UML diagrams – UML class			spot test
	diagrams – Use-casediagram–			
	UMLdynamicmodeling-modelmanagement-			
III	OOAprocess-introduction - difficulty in analysis -	15	CO3	
	business object analysis – use-case driven			
	objectorientedanalysis-			
	businessprocessingmodeling-use-casemodel-			
	developingeffective documentation.			
	Object analysis – classification – common class			Chalk and
	patterns approach – use-case driven approach			Talk, PPT, quiz, on the
IV	- CRC - naming classes - object relationships -	15	CO4	spot test
	associations –Super-Subclass relationships–			
	aggregation-class responsibility-object			
		1	1	1

	responsibility –Object oriented design process an design axioms–introduction–design process– design axioms-design patterns.			
V	Designing classes –introduction -object oriented design philosophy –UML object constraint– designing classes – class visibility – defining attributes –designing methods and protocols – Packages and managing classes – Access layer – Object storage and object interoperability – introduction – object store and persistence – Database management systems – database organization and access control – distributed databases.	15	CO5	Seminar, PPT presentation.
	Total	75		

Course Designer Mrs.R.Raja Sangeetha

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				Class: I M.Sc.				
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
II	Core	230PIT21	Database Systems	4	6	25	75	100

Nature of the Course				
riented Entrepreneurship oriented				

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the relational databases and uses of PL/SQL.
- 2. To apply Schema, ER-Model, normalization, transaction, concurrency and recovery on tables using SQL and PL/SQL.
- 3. To analyze and manage the distributional database, transaction, concurrency control and query languages.
- 4. To access database based on models and normal forms.
- 5. To design and construct tables and manipulate it effectively using PL/SQL database objects.

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objecti ves
	Introduction: Database System Applications - Purpose of Database Systems -View of Data -			
	Database Users and Administrators. Relational			
Ι	Database: Structure of Relational Databases-	18	Up to K4	CO1
	Databases Schema- Keys-Schema Diagrams Formal			
	Relational Query Languages: Relational Algebra-			
	Tuple Relational Calculus.			
	Database Design: Overview of Design Process-The			
	Entity Relationship Model - Constraints - Removing			
	Redundant Attributes in Entity Sets-Entity-			
	Relationship Diagrams-Reduction to Relational		Up to K4	
	Schemas-Extended E-R features- Alternative	18	1	CO2
	Notations for Modeling Data.			

Course Content:

	Relational Database Design: Features of Good			
	Relational Design-Functional			
	Dependency.Normalization:1NF,2NF,3NF,BCNF,4			
	NF,5NF-FunctionalDependencyTheory.			
	Transaction Management: Transaction Concept-			
	Simple Transaction Model-Storage Structure-			
	Transaction Atomicity and Durability-Transaction			
	Isolation- Serializability. Concurrency Control:			
	Lock Based Protocols-Locks-Granting of Locks-Two			
III	Phase Locking Protocol-Time Stamp Based Protocol -	18	Up to K4	CO3
	Recovery System: Failure Classification-Recovery			
	and Atomicity: Log Records-Database Modification-			
	Concurrency Control and Recovery-Recovery			
	Algorithm.			
	Distributed Database: Homogeneous and			
	Heterogeneous Databases- Distributed Data storage-			
IV	Distributed Transactions-Commit Protocols-	18	Up to K5	CO4
	Concurrency Control in Distributed Databases-			
	Distributed Query Processing. Case study: MongoDB			
	SQL : Table Fundamentals - Viewing Data - Inserting			
	- Deleting - Updating - Modifying -Constraints-			
	Functions - Grouping-Subqueries- Joins-Views.			
	PL/SQL: Introduction-PL/SQL Block -Data Types			
v	And Variables-Control Structure-Cursors - PL/SQL	18	Up to K5	CO5
	Security - Locks. PL/SQL Database Objects:			
	Exception Handling- Packages -Procedures and			
	Functions-Data			
	base Triggers.			

Text Books:

- 1. Abraham Silberchatz. Henry.F.Korth & Sudarshan.S. *Database Systems Concepts*. Tata Mcgraw Hill. Sixth Edition.
- 2. Ivan Bayross *.SQL* ,*PL/SQL The Programming Language of ORACLE*. BPB Publications. Fourth Edition.

Reference Book(s)

- 1. Atul Kahate. Introduction to Database Management systems. Pearson Education.
- Carlo Zaniolo. Stefano Ceri. Christos Faloustsos. Snodgrass. Subrahmanian. R.T.& Morgan Kaufman.(1997). Advanced Database Systems.
- 3. George Koch . & Kelvin Loney. (2002). *Oracle9i The Complete Reference*, Oracle Press.Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
- 4. Ramez Elmasri. Shamkant ,B, & Navathe. (2014). *Database Systems*. Pearson Education .New Delhi. Sixth Edition.

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. http://awtrey.com/tutorials/dbeweb/database.php
- 2. http://www.slideshare.net/SalamaAlbusaidi/emerging-database-technologymultimedia- database.
- 3. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/dbms/index.htm
- 4. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/plsql/index.htm
- 5. https://opentextbc.ca/dbdesign/chapter/chapter-11-functional-dependencies/

Rationale for nature of Course:

- Knowledge and Skill: To make students aware of relational databases and uses of PL/SQL.
- Activities to be given: Students shall be asked to design and construct tables and manipulate it effectively using PL/SQL database objects.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Understand the basic concepts of database and their usages.	K1to K4
CO2	Illustrate and examine the Normal forms and functional Dependency theory.	K1to K4
CO3	Differentiate and classify the transaction control, Recovery Management and concurrency control.	K1to K4
CO4	To Self analyze the MongoDB.	K1to K5
CO5	Infer and integrate the SQL and PL/SQL Functions.	K1to K5

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CLO1	3	3	3	3	3	3
CLO2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CLO3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CLO4	3	3	3	3	3	2
CLO5	3	3	3	3	3	3

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Mode of Teaching			
Ι	Introduction: Database System Applications - Purpose of Database Systems -View of Data - Database Users and Administrators. Relational Database : Structure of Relational Databases- Databases Schema- Keys-Schema Diagrams Formal Relational Query Languages : Relational Algebra- Tuple Relational Calculus.	18	Chalk and Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test			
Π	Database Design: Overview of Design Process-The Entity Relationship Model – Constraints –Removing Redundant Attributes in Entity Sets-Entity- Relationship Diagrams-Reduction to Relational Schemas-Extended E-R features- Alternative Notations for Modeling Data. Relational Database Design: Features of Good Relational Design- Functional Dependency.Normalization:1NF,2NF,3NF,BCNF,4 NF,5NF-FunctionalDependencyTheory.	18	Chalk and Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test			
III	Transaction Management: Transaction Concept- Simple Transaction Model-Storage Structure- Transaction Atomicity and Durability-Transaction Isolation- Serializability. Concurrency Control: Lock Based Protocols-Locks-Granting of Locks-Two Phase Locking Protocol-Time Stamp Based Protocol - Recovery System: Failure Classification- Recovery	18	Chalk and Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test			

	and Atomicity: Log Records-Database Modification-		
	Concurrency Control and Recovery-Recovery		
	Algorithm.		
	Distributed Database: Homogeneous and		Chalk and
	Heterogeneous Databases- Distributed Data storage-		Talk, PPT, quiz, on the
IV	Distributed Transactions-Commit Protocols-	18	spot test
	Concurrency Control in Distributed Databases-		
	Distributed Query Processing. Case study: MongoDB		
	SQL: Table Fundamentals - Viewing Data - Inserting		Seminar,
	- Deleting - Updating - Modifying -Constraints-		PPT presentation.
	Functions - Grouping-Subqueries- Joins-Views.		presentation .
	PL/SQL: Introduction-PL/SQL Block -Data Types		
v	And Variables-Control Structure-Cursors - PL/SQL	18	
	Security - Locks. PL/SQL Database Objects:		
	Exception Handling- Packages –Procedures and		
	Functions-Data		
	base Triggers.		
	Total	90	

Course Designer Mrs.R.Boomadevi

DE	PARTMEN	T OF INFO	RMATION TECHNOL	OGY	Clas	ss: I M.	Sc.	
Sem.	Category	Course	Course Title	Credits	Contact CIA SE			Total
		Code			Hours /			
					Week			
II	Core -	23OPIT21P	Practical: RDBMS Lab	4	6	40	60	100
	Practical							

Nature of the Course				
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented		
 ✓ 	v			

Course Objectives:

- 1. To learn and implement SQL & PL/SQL.
- 2. Choose appropriate SQL queries and PL/SQL block for the database.
- 3. Implement SQL and PL/SQL blocks for the given problem effectively.
- 4. Analyze the problem and Exception using queries and PL/SQL blocks.
- 5. Design database tables, create Procedures, User- defined functions and Triggers.

UNIT	Course content	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objectiv es
	1. DDL Commands			
Ι	2. DML Commands	18	Up to K4	CO1
	3. DCL Commands			
	4. Usage of Sub Queries in DML and			
	Create-SQL			
II	5. Solving queries using built-in	18	Up to K4	CO2
	functions			
	6. Simple programs in PL/SQL block	10		
III	7. Exception Handling in PL/SQL	18	Up to K4	CO3
117	8. Programs using Implicit Cursors	10	11 . 175	004
IV	9. Programs using Explicit Cursor	18	Up to K5	CO4
N/	10. Procedures & User-defined functions	10	Up to V5	005
V	11. Creation of Triggers	18	Up to K5	CO5

Text Books:

- Abraham Silberchatz. Henry. Korth. F & Sudarshan, S. *Database Systems Concepts*. Tata Mcgraw Hill. Sixth Edition.
- 2. Ivan Bayross. *SQL, PL/SQL The Programming Language of ORACLE*. BPB Publications. Fourth Edition.

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- 1. Atul Kahate. Introduction to Database Management systems. Pearson Education.
- Carlo Zaniolo. Stefano Ceri. Christos Faloustsos. Snod grass. & Subrahmanian .R.T., Morgan Kaufman. V.S. Advanced Database Systems.
- George Koch, Kelvin Loney(2002). Oracle9i: The Complete Reference, Oracle Press. Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
- 4. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B, Navathe. (2014). *Database Systems*. Pearson Education. NewDelhi . Sixth Edition.

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- 2. http://www.slideshare.net/SalamaAlbusaidi/emerging-database-technologymultimedia- database.
- 3. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/dbms/index.htm
- 4. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/plsql/index.htm
- 5. https://opentextbc.ca/dbdesign/chapter/chapter-11-functional-dependencies/

Rationale for nature of Course:

- Knowledge and Skill: To make students aware of relational databases and uses of PL/SQL.
- Activities to be given: Students shall be asked to design and construct tables and manipulate it effectively using PL/SQL database objects.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course , the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Understand the basic DDL,DML,DCL	K1 to K4
CO2	Illustrate and examine sub query and Build – in Functions.	K1 to K4
CO3	Infer the Exception handling programs in PL/SQL.	K1 to K4
CO4	Examine and implement the cursors.	K1 to K5
CO5	Infer and integrate the user-defined Functions ,Procedures and Triggers.	K1 to K5

CO/PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	3	3	1	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course content	No. of Hours	Mode of Teaching
	1. DDL Commands		PPT, quiz, on the
Ι	2. DML Commands	18	spot test
	3. DCL Commands		
	4. Usage of Sub Queries in DML and	18	Chalk and Talk, PPT.
II	Create-SQL		FF1.
	5. Solving queries using built-in functions		
	6. Simple programs in PL/SQL block	18	Demo, PPT
III	7. Exception Handling in PL/SQL		
	8. Programs using Implicit Cursors	18	Demo, quiz, on
IV	9. Programs using Explicit Cursor		the spot test
	10. Procedures &User-defined functions	18	PPT
V	11. Creation of Triggers		
	Total	90	

Course Designer Mrs.R.Boomadevi

DE	PARTMENT	OF INFORM	DF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY			Class: I M.Sc.		
Sem.	Category	Course	Course Title	Credits	Contact	CIA	SE	Tota
		Code			Hours /			1
					Week			
II	Core -	23OPIT22P	Practical:	4	6	40	60	100
	Practical		Open Source					
			Technologies Lab					

Nature of the Course				
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented		
\checkmark	\checkmark			

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand a PHP can generate dynamic page content.
- 2. To select an open-source server-side scripting language used for dynamic web development and can be embedded into HTML codes.
- 3. To create a PHP programs to open, read, write, delete, and close files on the server.
- 4. To demonstrate the Ruby is mainly used to build web applications and is useful for other programming projects.
- 5. To test and debug the creation of classes and objects.

Course Content:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objectiv es
Ι	 PHP: Introduction – Creating a PHP page– Running PHP page –HTML and PHP – Printing Text – Comment Statements – Working with variables – Storing data in variables – Interpolating strings – Constants - Understanding Internal Datatypes – Operators – Flow Control – Strings: String Functions Converting to and from strings -Formatting text strings - Working with numbers. Exercises: 1. Creating running and displaying a PHP page 2. Working with Control Structures 3. String Functions 4. Number Functions. 	18	Up to K4	CO1
II	DateandTime-CreateanArray-			

	UseanAssociativeArray-			
	FunctionstoWorkwithArrays-Workwith Arrays of	18	Up to K4	CO2
	Arrays-Create and Use Functions.			
	Exercises:			
	1. Date Functions			
	2. Time Functions			
	3. Working with Arrays			
	4. Associative Array			
	5. Working with Functions			
	Reading Data in web pages: Handling various			
	controls - PHP Browser-Handling power: Data			
	Validation - File Handling: Opening a file – Reading			
	Text from a file - Closing a file- Working with			
	Databases: Creating, Inserting, Accessing, Updating,			
	Deleting and Sorting Database –Work with Cookies			
	and Sessions.			
III	Exercises:	18	Up to K4	CO3
	1. Working with Form Data			
	2. Data Validation			
	3. Working with Files			
	4. Working with MySql			
	5. Working with Cookies			
	6. Working with Sessions.			
	Ruby: Getting Started with Ruby –Working with			
	Numbers and Strings–Variables–Constants			
	-Operators-Conditionals and Loops.			
IV	Exercises:	18	Up to	CO4
	1. Working with Numbers		КĴ	
	2. Working with Strings			
	3. Working with Control statements			
	Arrays- Hashes- Methods- Blocks: Classes and			
	Objects: Creating a Class and an Object-Exception			
V	Handling– File Handling			
	Exercises:			
	1. Working with Arrays			

	Total	90		
6.	. Working with Files			
5.	. Exception Handling		KJ	
4.	Creating Classes and Objects	18	Up to K5	000
3.	. Working with Methods			CO5
2.	. Working with Hashes			

Text Books:

- 1. Steven Holzner, (2016). "*PHP: The Complete Reference*". McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, Indian Edition.(Unit I,II).
- Rachna Kapur, Mario Briggs, Tapas Saha, Ulisses Costa, Pedro Carvalho, Raul .F. Chong, Peter Kohlmann (2010). "Getting Started with Open Source Development".DB2 on Campus Book Series. (Unit III).

Reference Book(s)

- 1. Jason Gilmore .W. (2010), "Beginning PHP & MySql". Apress.
- Joel Murach . & Ray Harris (2010), "PHP and MySQL". Shroff Publishers & Distributors
- 3. Larry Ullman (2008), "PHP6andMySQL5".Pearson Education.
- 4. John Coggeshall (2006), "PHP5". PearsonEducation.
- Michale C. Glass (2004). "Beginning PHP, Apache, MySQL Web Development". Wiley Dream Tech Press.

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. http://www.w3schools.com/php/
- 2. http://howtostartprogramming.com/PHP/
- http://www.massey.ac.nz/~nhreyes/MASSEY/159339/Lectures/Lecture%2011%20-%20PHP%20-%20Part%205%20-%20CookiesSessions.pdf
- 4. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/mysql/
- 5. http://ruby.bastardsbook.com/chapters/exception-handling/

Rationale for nature of Course:

Knowledge and Skill: These include a good understanding of web development, design patterns, and application security best practices. Activities to be given: Create, test and deploy new, innovative website applications in a timely and efficient manner, while concurrently working with other developers to meet data acquisition requirements

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
C01	Demonstrate the setup and configuration of development environment to write PHP and Ruby Scripts	K1 to K4
CO2	Select the appropriate language fundamentals and techniques to write and Compile PHP and Ruby programs	K1 to K4
CO3	Examine the bugs and analyse how to prevent and remove the bugs	K1 to K4
CO4	Test and debug the application with sample inputs to check the correctness and consistency of the scripts	K1 to K5
C05	Create simple programs that make use of various PHP and Ruby features and Functions and solve web application and database tasks using PHP	K1 to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
C01	2	3	1	1	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	3

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Mode of Teaching
Ι	 PHP: Introduction – Creating a PHP page – Running PHP page –HTML and PHP – Printing Text – Comment Statements – Working with variables – Storing data in variables – Interpolating strings – Constants - Understanding Internal Datatypes – Operators – Flow Control – Strings: String Functions - Converting to and from strings -Formatting text strings - Working with numbers. Exercises: 5. Creating running and displaying a PHP page 6. Working with Control Structures 7. String Functions 8. Number Functions. 	18	Chalk and Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test
Π	 Date and Time – Create an Array-Use an Associative Array-Functions to Work with Arrays –Work with Arrays of Arrays - Create and Use Functions. Exercises: 6. Date Functions 7. Time Functions 8. Working with Arrays 9. Associative Array 10. Working with Functions 	18	Chalk and Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test
III	 Reading Data in web pages: Handling various controls - PHP Browser-Handling power: Data Validation - File Handling: Opening a file – Reading Text from a file – Closing a file- Working with Databases: Creating, Inserting, Accessing, Updating, Deleting and Sorting Database –Work with Cookies and Sessions. Exercises: 7. Working with Form Data 8. Data Validation 9. Working with Files 10. Working with MySql 	18	Chalk and Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test

	11. Working with Cookies		
	12. Working with Sessions.		
	Ruby: Getting Started with Ruby –Working with	18	
	Numbers and Strings–Variables–Constants		
	-Operators-Conditionals and Loops.		Chalk and
IV	Exercises:		Talk, PPT,
	4. Working with Numbers		quiz, on the
	5. Working with Strings		spot test
	6. Working with Control statements		
	Arrays- Hashes- Methods- Blocks: Classes and Objects:	18	
	Creating a Class and an Object-Exception Handling –		
	File Handling		
	Exercises:		
	7. Working with Arrays		
V	8. Working with Hashes		Seminar, PPT
	9. Working with Methods		, Caoua
	10. Creating Classes and Objects		Group discussion
	11. Exception Handling		
	12. Working with Files		
	Total	90	

Course Designer Mrs.R.Vishnu Priya

	DEPART	MENT OF INFOR	MATION TECHNOLOGY	Y	C	lass: I	M.Sc.	
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact CIA SE T		Total	
					Hours /			
					Week			
II	Elective	230PITDSE2A	Digital Image Processing	4	5	25	75	100
	III							

Nature of the Course				
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented		
v	v			

Course Objectives:

- 1. Identify the image fundamentals and mathematical transforms necessary for image processing
- 2. Learn the functionalities of spatial and frequency filters for image enhancement.
- 3. To identify the requirements of various image segmentation methods and object recognitionmodels for various real-time applications.
- 4. Get broad exposure to and understanding of color image processing models.
- 5. To analyze the functionalities of Morphological Image processing method.

Course Content:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objectives
	UNIT I : Introduction to Image Processing			
	Overview of Image Processing - Nature of			
	Image Processing - Digital Image			
	Representation-Types of Images-Based on			
	Nature - Based on Attributes - Based on 40			
	Colour - Based on Dimensions-Based on Data			
	Types-Domain Specific Images - Digital Image			
	Processing Operations-Fundamental Steps In			
Ι	Image Processing – Image Enhancement-	15	T T - T Z 4	CO1
	Image Restoration - Image Compression -		Up to K4	
	Image Analysis – Image Synthesis. Digital			
	Imaging Systems: Overview of Digital			
	Imaging Systems-Image Sensors-Image			
	Storage-Image processors-Output Devices-			
	Networking Components-Image Processing			
	Software-Physical Aspects of Image			
	Acquisition-Nature of Light-Simple Image			

	Model - Colour Fundamentals -Lighting			
	System Design-Simple Image Formation			
	Process - Biological Aspects of Image			
	Acquisition - Human Visual System -			
	Properties of Human Visual System -			
	Monochrome andColourImage-			
	ReviewofDigitalCameras-			
	SamplingandQuantization-Sampling-			
	Resampling - Image Quantization - Image			
	Display Devices and Device Resolution -			
	Digital Halftone Process - Random Dithering -			
	Ordered Dithering - Non - periodic Dithering -			
	Image Storage and File Formats - Need for File			
	Formats -Types of File Formats - Structures of			
	File Formats.			
	UNIT II: Digital Image Processing			
	Operations			
	Basic Relationships and Distance Metrics -			
	Image Coordinate System - Image Topology -			
	Connectivity-Relations-DistanceMeasures-			
	ImportantImageCharacteristics-			
	Classification of Image Processing Operations -			
II	Arithmetic Operations. Logical Operations -	15	Up to K4	CO2
11	Geometrical Operations - Image Interpolation	15		02
	Techniques - Set Operations.			
	Digital Image Transformer Need for Image			
	Digital Image Transforms: Need for Image Transforms-Spatial Frequencies in Image			
	Processing-Introduction to Fourier Transform-			
	Discrete Fourier Transform – Fast Fourier			
	Transform-Discrete Cosine Transform.			
	UNIT III: Image Enhancement			
	Image Quality and Need for Image			
III	Enhancement - Image Quality Factors - Image	15		CO3
	QualityAssessmentToll-ImageQualityMetrics-		Up to K4	

	Image Enhancement operations-Image			
	Enhancement in Spatial Domain-Linear Point			
	Transformations-Non-Linear			
	Transformations–Square Function-Square			
	root-Logarithmic Function–Exponential			
	Function - Power Function - Gamma			
	Correction - Histogram - Based techniques -			
	Histogram Stretching–Histogram Sliding-			
	Histogram Equalization-Histogram			
	Specification-Local and Adaptive Contrast			
	Enhancement –Spatial Filtering Concepts-			
	Image Smoothing Spatial Filters- Box Filters -			
	Gaussian Filters - Image Sharpening Spatial			
	Filters - Gradient and Laplacian Filters-High-			
	boost Filters-Unsharp Masking. Image			
	Restoration : Introduction to Degradation -			
	Types of Image Degradations - Image			
	Degradation Model - Noise Modelling -Noise			
	Categories Based on Distribution - Noise			
	Categories Based on Correlation - Noise			
	Categories Based on Nature-Noise Categories			
	Based onSource-EstimationbyObservation-			
	EstimationbyExperimentation-			
	EstimationbyModelling-			
	ImageRestorationTechniques-			
	UnconstrainedMethod-InverseFilters-			
	WienerFilters.			
	UNIT IV : Image Compression			
	Image Compression Model-Compression-			
	Measures-Compression Algorithm and its			
IV	Types 41 – Entropy Coding - Predictive Coding	15	.	CO4
1 V	- Transform Coding - Layered Coding - Types	15	Up to K5	04
	of Redundancy - Coding Redundancy - Inter			
	pixel Redundancy – Psycho visual Redundancy			
	-Chromatic Redundancy - Lossless			

				[]
	Compression Algorithms - Run - length Coding			
	– Huffman Coding - Bit plane Coding -			
	Arithmetic Coding - Dictionary - based Coding			
	- Lossless Predictive Coding - Lossy			
	Predictive Coding - Vector Quantization -			
	Codebook design –Generalized Lloyd			
	algorithm.			
	UNIT V: Image Segmentation:			
	Introduction-Formal Definition of Image			
	Segmentation-Classification of Image			
	Segmentation Algorithms - Detection of			
	Discontinuities –Point Detection-Line			
	Detection - Edge Detection -Stages in Edge			
	Detection-Types of Edge detectors-First order			
	Edge Detection-Edge operator performance -			
	Edge linking Algorithms - Principle of			
	Thresholding - Principle of Region –growing.			
V	Colour Image Processing - Introduction -			
	Colour Image Storage and Processing -Colour	15	Up to K5	CO5
	Models - RGB Colour Model - HIS Colour			
	Model - HSV Colour Model - HLS Colour			
	Model - Printing Colour Models - Colour			
	Quantization - Popularity or Populosity			
	Algorithm –Median cut Algorithm-Octree			
	based Algorithm-Pseudo colour Image			
	Processing-Full colour Processing-Colour			
	Transformations –Image Filters for Colour			
	Image – Colour image Segmentation.			
		l		

TEXTBOOK(S):

Sridhar. S.(2016). DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING. OXFPRD University Press. Second Edition,

Unit I: Chapter1(1.1to1.2,1.4-1.7) Chapter 2(2.1to2.8)

Unit II: Chapter3(Except3.2.6 & 3.2.7) Chapter 4(4.1and4.3)

Unit III: Chapter 5(5.1and 5.7Except5.3.3) Chapter 6(6.1to6.2, 6.4 to 6.6 and 6.9.1 to 6.9.4)

Unit IV: Chapter 7(7.1and 7.5Except7.4.3and7.5.3)

Unit V: Chapter 9(9.1to9.4 Except9.4.4) and (9.7to9.8) Chapter11(11.1to11.2 and11.5)

REFERENCE BOOK(S):

- 1. Rafael .C.Gonzalez .& Richard.E.Woods. (2002).*Digital Image Processing using <u>MATLAB</u>*.Prentice Hall of India. 2ndEdition.
- 2. A.Jain. (2010). Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing. Prentice Hall of India,
- 3. WillliamKPratt .& JohnWilley.(2002). Digital Image Processing.

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Digital_image_processing
- 2. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/image-processing
- 3. https://www.intechopen.com/chapters/71817
- 4. https://content.kopykitab.com/ebooks/2016/03/6189/sample/sample_6189.pdf
- https://preetikale.files.wordpress.com/2018/07/fundmentals-of-digital-imageprocessing-ak- jain.pdf

Rationale for nature of Course:

- Knowledge and Skill: These include a good understanding of Digital Image Processing.
- Activities to be given: Create, test and deploy new image techniques in a timely and efficient manner, while concurrently working with others to meet data acquisition requirements.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Understand the basic concepts of digital image fundamentals.	K1 to K4
CO2	Describe concepts of Image Transformation & Filters.	K1 to K4
CO3	Identify various design alternatives in image restoration and Segmentation techniques.	K1 to K4
CO4	Implement the principles of Color Image Processing.	K1 to K5
CO5	Illustrate the Morphological Image Processing Techniques.	K1 to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	2	3	1	1	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	3

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Course Objectives	Mode of Teaching
	UNIT I : Introduction to Image Processing	Hours	Objectives	reaching
	Overview of Image Processing - Nature of			
	Image Processing - Digital Image			
	Representation-Types of Images-Based on			
	Nature - Based on Attributes - Based on 40			Chalk and
	Colour - Based on Dimensions-Based on Data			Talk, PPT,
	Types-Domain Specific Images - Digital Image			quiz, on the
	Processing Operations-Fundamental Steps In			spot test
	Image Processing - Image Enhancement-			
	Image Restoration - Image Compression -			
	Image Analysis – Image Synthesis. Digital			
	Imaging Systems: Overview of Digital			
	Imaging Systems-Image Sensors-Image			
	Storage-Image processors-Output Devices-			
	Networking Components-Image Processing			
Ŧ	Software-Physical Aspects of Image	1.5		
Ι	Acquisition-Nature of Light-Simple Image	15	CO1	
	Model - Colour Fundamentals -Lighting			
	System Design-Simple Image Formation			
	Process - Biological Aspects of Image			
	Acquisition - Human Visual System -			
	Properties of Human Visual System -			
	Monochrome andColourImage-			
	ReviewofDigitalCameras-			
	SamplingandQuantization-Sampling-			
	Resampling - Image Quantization - Image			
	Display Devices and Device Resolution –			
	Digital Halftone Process - Random Dithering -			
	Ordered Dithering - Non - periodic Dithering -			
	Image Storage and File Formats - Need for File			
	Formats -Types of File Formats - Structures of			
	File Formats.			

	UNIT II: Digital Image Processing			
	Operations			
	Basic Relationships and Distance Metrics -			
	Image Coordinate System - Image Topology -			Chalk and
	Connectivity-Relations-DistanceMeasures-			Talk, PPT,
	ImportantImageCharacteristics-			quiz, on the spot test
	Classification of Image Processing Operations -			
II	Arithmetic Operations. Logical Operations -	15	CO2	
	Geometrical Operations - Image Interpolation			
	Techniques - Set Operations. Digital Image			
	Transforms: Need for Image Transforms-			
	Spatial Frequencies in Image Processing-			
	Introduction to Fourier Transform-Discrete			
	Fourier Transform – Fast Fourier Transform-			
	Discrete Cosine Transform.			
	UNIT III: Image Enhancement			
	Image Quality and Need for Image			
	Enhancement - Image Quality Factors - Image			
	QualityAssessmentToll-ImageQualityMetrics-			
	Image Enhancement operations-Image			Chalk and
	Enhancement in Spatial Domain-Linear Point			Talk, PPT,
	Transformations-Non-Linear			quiz, on the
	Transformations–Square Function-Square			spot test
	root-Logarithmic Function-Exponential			
	Function - Power Function - Gamma	1.5	000	
III	Correction - Histogram - Based techniques -	15	CO3	
	Histogram Stretching-Histogram Sliding-			
	Histogram Equalization-Histogram			
	Specification-Local and Adaptive Contrast			
	Enhancement –Spatial Filtering Concepts-			
	Image Smoothing Spatial Filters- Box Filters -			
	Gaussian Filters - Image Sharpening Spatial			
	Filters - Gradient and Laplacian Filters-High-			
	boost Filters-Unsharp Masking. Image			
	Restoration : Introduction to Degradation -			
		•	•	·

	Tunos of Image Degradations I			
	Types of Image Degradations - Image Degradation Model - Noise Modelling -Noise			
	Categories Based on Distribution - Noise			
	Categories Based on Correlation – Noise			
	Categories Based on Nature-Noise Categories			
	Based onSource-EstimationbyObservation-			
	EstimationbyExperimentation-			
	EstimationbyModelling-			
	ImageRestorationTechniques-			
	UnconstrainedMethod-InverseFilters-			
	WienerFilters.			
	UNIT IV : Image Compression			
	Image Compression Model-Compression-			
	Measures-Compression Algorithm and its			Chalk and Talk, PPT,
	Types 41 – Entropy Coding - Predictive Coding			quiz, on the
	- Transform Coding - Layered Coding - Types			spot test
	of Redundancy - Coding Redundancy - Inter			
	pixel Redundancy – Psycho visual Redundancy-Chromatic Redundancy - Lossless			
IV	-Chromatic Redundancy - Lossless Compression Algorithms - Run - length Coding	15	CO4	
	- Huffman Coding - Bit plane Coding -			
	Arithmetic Coding - Dictionary - based Coding			
	 Lossless Predictive Coding - Lossy 			
	Predictive Coding - Vector Quantization -			
	Codebook design –Generalized Lloyd			
	algorithm.			
	UNIT V: Image Segmentation:			
	Introduction-Formal Definition of Image			
	Segmentation-Classification of Image			
	Segmentation Algorithms - Detection of			
v	Discontinuities –Point Detection-Line			
v	Detection - Edge Detection –Stages in Edge	15	CO5	Seminar,
	Detection-Types of Edge detectors-First order			PPT,
	Edge Detection-Edge operator performance -			Group discussion
	Edge linking Algorithms - Principle of			

Thresh	olding - Principle of Region –growing.		
Colou	r Image Processing - Introduction -		
Colour	Image Storage and Processing -Colour		
Model	s - RGB Colour Model - HIS Colour		
Model	- HSV Colour Model - HLS Colour		
Model	- Printing Colour Models - Colour		
Quanti	zation - Popularity or Populosity		
Algori	thm –Median cut Algorithm-Octree		
based	Algorithm-Pseudo colour Image		
Proces	sing-Full colour Processing-Colour		
Transf	ormations –Image Filters for Colour		
Image	- Colour image Segmentation.		

Course Designer Mrs.R.Lakshmi

	DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY			C	lass: I	M.Sc.		
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	s Contact CIA SE		Total	
					Hours /			
					Week			
II	Elective	23OPITDSE2B	Operating Systems	4	5	25	75	100
	III		1 3 9					

Nature of the Course					
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented			
 ✓ 					

Course Objectives:

- 1. To give an overview of the many types of computing environments.
- 2. To introduce CPU scheduling and basis of multi- programmed operating system.
- 3. To develop a description of deadlocks, which prevent sets of concurrent processes from completing their tasks.
- 4. To have an understanding of the main memory and secondary memory Managementtechniques.
- 5. To discuss file system design tradeoffs, including access methods, file sharing, file locking, and directory structures.

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objectives
Ι	Process, Thread, SMP and Concurrency Control Process description and control-what is a process? – process states- process description – process control-execution of operating system- security issues. Threads, SMP , Micro kernels: Processes and threads-symmetric multiprocessing-microkernels–Linux process and thread management. Concurrency: Mutual exclusion and Synchronization –Principles of concurrency-mutual exclusion: hardware support-semaphores-monitors-message passing-reader/writer problem.	15	Up to K4	CO1
II	Deadlock and Memory Management Concurrency: Deadlock and Starvation - principles of deadlock - deadlock prevention -	15	Up to K4	CO2

	deadlockavoidance-deadlockdetection-			
	anintegrateddeadlockstrategy-			
	diningphilosophers' problem – Linux kernal			
	concurrency mechanisms. Memory			
	management memory management			
	requirements-memory partitioning-paging-			
	segmentation-security issues. Virtual memory :			
	hardware and control structures - operating			
	system software-Linux memory management.			
	Uni Processor, Multiprocessor and real time			
	Scheduling			
	Uni -processor scheduling : types of scheduling		Up to K4	CO3
III	- scheduling algorithms. Multiprocessor and	15		
	Real time scheduling : multiprocessor			
	scheduling - real time scheduling – Linux			
	scheduling			
	I/O Management and File Systems			
	I/O management and Disk scheduling :I/O	15	Up to K5	CO4
	devices- organization of I/O function -			
	operating system design issues - I/O buffering			
	- disk scheduling - RAID - disk cache -Linux			
IV	I/O. File management : overview - file			
	organization and access - file directories -file			
	sharing - record blocking -secondary storage			
	management - file system security –Linux file			
	management.			
	Embedded Operating system, Distributed			
	systems			CO5
V	Embedded operating system: Embedded	15	Up to K5	
	Systems- Characteristics of embedded			
	operatingsystemsTinyOS.Distributedprocessin			
	g,client/serverandclusters:client/servercomputi			
	ng – Distributed message passing – remote			
	procedure calls – clusters – Beowulf and Linux			
	clusters.			

TEXTBOOK(S):

William Stallings.(2014). *Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles*, Sixth Edition, Pearson Education Ltd.

- 1. UNIT I:Chapter3.1to 3.6,4.1to 4.3,4.6,5.1to5.6
- 2. UNIT II:Chapter6.1 to 6.6,6.8,7.1 to 7.5,8.1,8.2,8.4
- 3. UNIT III: Chapter 9.1,9.2,10.1,10.2,10.3
- 4. UNIT IV :Chapter 11.1 to 11.7, 11.9, 12.1 to 12.7, 12.9
- 5. UNITV:Chapter13.1,13.2,13.4,16.1,16.2,16.3,16.4,16.7

REFERENCEBOOK(S):

- 1. Charles Crowley. (2009). Operating system-A design oriented approach. TMH,
- 2. Deital.H.M.(2003) *Operating System*. Pearson Education. 11th Edition.
- Milon MilenKovic. (1997). Operating Systems Concepts And Design. Tata Mc Graw-Hill. NewDelhi.2nd Edition.
- 4. Pramod Chandra. & P.Bhatt. (2007) An Introduction to Operating Systems. PHI.
- 5. William Stallings. (2008) Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles. PHI.

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. https://www.crectirypati.com/sites/default/files/lectur_notes/OpertingSyste msLectureN otes.pdf
- 2. http://www2.cs.uic.edu/~jbell/CourseNotes/OperatingSystems
- 3. http://www.smartzworld.com/notes/linux-programming-pdf-lp-pdf-notes/
- 4. http://www.cs.put.poznan.pl/akobusinska/downloads/Operating_Systems_Concepts.p df

Rationale for nature of Course:

- > Knowledge and Skill: These include a good understanding of Operating System
- Activities to be given: Create, test and deploy new, innovative website applications in a timely and efficient manner, while concurrently working with other developers to meet data acquisition requirements

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Identify the role of Operating System and understand the design of control unit.	K1 to K4
CO2	Understanding CPU Scheduling, Synchronization	K1 to K4
CO3	Identify Deadlock Handling and Solve Deadlock Detection Problems.	K1 to K4
CO4	Describe the role of paging, segmentation and virtual memory in operating systems.	K1 to K5
CO5	Illustrate the file system interface	K1 to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
C01	2	3	1	1	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	3

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Mode of Teaching
	Process, Thread, SMP and Concurrency		
	Control		
	Process description and control-what is a		
	process? - process states- process description -		
I	process control-execution of operating system-		
	security issues. Threads, SMP , Micro kernels:		
	Processes and threads-symmetric		Chalk and
	multiprocessing-microkernels-Linux process	15	Talk, PPT,

	and thread management. Concurrency: Mutual		quiz, on the
	exclusion and Synchronization –Principles of		spot test
	concurrency-mutual exclusion: hardware		
	support-semaphores-monitors-message passing-		
	reader/writer problem.		
	Deadlock and Memory Management		
	Concurrency: Deadlock and Starvation -		
	principles of deadlock - deadlock prevention -		
	deadlockavoidance-deadlockdetection-		
	anintegrateddeadlockstrategy-		Chalk and
	diningphilosophers' problem – Linux kernel		Talk, PPT,
II	concurrency mechanisms. Memory management:	15	quiz, on the
	memory management requirements-memory		spot test
	partitioning-paging-segmentation-security		
	issues. Virtual memory : hardware and control		
	structures - operating system software-Linux		
	memory management.		
	Uni Processor, Multiprocessor and real time		
	Scheduling		
	Uni -processor scheduling: types of scheduling -		Chalk and
III	scheduling algorithms. Multiprocessor and Real		Talk, PPT,
	time scheduling : multiprocessor scheduling -		quiz, on the
	real time scheduling – Linux scheduling	15	spot test
	I/O Management and File Systems		
	I/O management and Disk scheduling: I/O		
	devices- organization of I/O function -operating		
	system design issues - I/O buffering - disk		Chalk and
	scheduling - RAID - disk cache -Linux I/O. File	15	Talk, PPT,
11/	management: overview - file organization and		quiz, on the
IV	access - file directories -file sharing - record		spot test
	blocking -secondary storage management - file		
	system security –Linux file management.		

	Embedded Operating system, Distributed		
	systems		
	Embedded operating system: Embedded		
	Systems- Characteristics of embedded		Seminar,
v	operatingsystemsTinyOS.Distributedprocessing,		PPT,
	client/serverandclusters:client/servercomputing	15	Group
	- Distributed message passing - remote		discussion
	procedure calls – clusters – Beowulf and Linux		
	clusters.		
	Total	75	

Course Designer Mrs.G.Amudha

	DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				Class: I M.Sc.			
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
II	Elective - IV	23OPITDSE2C	Human Computer Interaction	4	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course						
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented				
 ✓ 	V					

Course Objectives:

- 1. To know the definition of interactive design and human computer interaction.
- 2. To learn the design process and design goals.
- 3. To gain the knowledge on Screen based controls and components.
- 4. To learn the key concepts and terms used in evaluation.
- 5. To develop interactive models

Course Content:

UNIT	Details	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objecti ves
Ι	Introduction: Importance of user Interface – definition, importance of good design. Benefits of good design. A brief history of Screen design. The graphical user interface – popularity of graphics, the concept of direct manipulation, graphical system, Characteristics, Web user–Interface popularity, characteristics- Principles of user interface.	15	Up to K4	CO1
П	Design process – Human interaction with computers, importance of human characteristics human consideration, Human interaction speeds, understanding business junctions .Screen Designing: Design goals Screen planning	15	Up to K4	CO2

	1			
	and purpose, organizing screen elements, ordering of screen data and content – screen navigation and flow – Visually pleasing composition – amountof information – focus and emphasis – presentation information simply and meaningfully – information retrieval on web– statistical graphics– Technological consideration in interface design.			
III	Windows–New and Navigation schemes selection of window, selection of devices based and screen-based controls. Components – text and messages, Icons and increases – Multimedia, colors, uses problems, choosing colors.	15	Up to K4	CO3
IV	HCI in the software process, The software lifecycle Usability engineering Iterative design and proto- typing Design Focus: Prototyping in practice Design rationale Design rules Principles to support usability Standards Golden rules and heuristics HCI patterns Evaluation techniques ,Goals of evaluation, Evaluation through expert analysis, Evaluation through user participation, Choosing an evaluation method. Universal design, Universal design principles Multi-modal interaction		Up to K5	CO4
V	Cognitive models Goal and task hierarchies Design Focus: GOMS saves money Linguistic models The challenge of display-based systems Physical and device models Cognitive architectures Ubiquitous computing and augmented realities Ubiquitous computing applications research Design Focus: Ambient Wood – augmenting the physical Virtual and augmented reality Design Focus: Shared	15	Up to K5	CO5

experience	Design Focu	: Applications o	f	
augmented	reality Info	mation and dat	a	
visualizatior	Design Focus:	Getting the size right	t.	

Text Books:

- 1. Wilbert O'Galitz.Wiley. *The essential guide to user interface design*. DreamTech. Units1,2,3
- 2. GreGoryd. Abowd .& RussellBealg *Human Computer Interaction*. AlanDix.Janet Fincay. Pearson Education .Units 4,5

Reference Books:

- Designing the user interface. Ben Shneidermann. Pearson Education Asia. 3rdEdition.
- 2. Interaction Design Prece, Rogers, Sharps. Wiley Dreamtech.
- 3. User Interface Design, Soren Lauesen, Pearson Education.
- 4. Human–Computer Interaction, D.R.Olsen, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Human–Computer Interaction, Smith- Atakan, CengageLearning.

Websites and e-Learning resources

1) https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Ankit-R-Patel/post/What-sources-are-better-touse-for-studying-the-topic-of-human-machine-interface-Uses-of-

HMI/attachment/5ec1d96d5b40580001ffc37a/AS%3A892342391279618%40158976 2413367/download/1983_WP_The+Psychology+of+Human+Computer+Interaction.P

DF

- 2) https://download.booklibrary.website/readings-in-humancomputer-interaction-toward-the-year-2000.pdf
- https://www.researchgate.net/publication/200026251_The_Handbook_of_Task_Analy sis_for_Human-Computer_Interaction

Rationale for nature of Course:

Knowledge and Skill: To make students developing well-designed, efficient, and testable code. Conducting software analysis, programming, testing, and debugging.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Explain the definition of interactive design and human computer interaction	K1 to K4
CO2	To learn the design process and design goals.	K1 to K4
CO3	Analyze Screen based controls and components.	K1 to K4
CO4	Assess the key concepts and terms used in evaluation.	K1 to K5
CO5	To build interactive models.	K1 to K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
C01	3	2	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	3	3

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Course Objecti ves	Mode of Teaching
Ι	Introduction: Importance of user Interface – definition, importance of good design. Benefits of good design. A brief history of Screen design. The graphical user interface – popularity of graphics, the concept of direct manipulation, graphical system, Characteristics, Web user–Interface popularity, characteristics- Principles of user interface.	15	CO1	Chalk and Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test
П	Design process – Human interaction with computers, importance of human characteristics human consideration, Human interaction speeds,	15	CO2	Chalk and

	understanding business junctions .Screen Designing: Design goals Screen planning and purpose, organizing screen elements, ordering of screen data and content – screen navigation and flow – Visually pleasing composition – amountof information – focus and emphasis – presentation information simply and meaningfully – information retrieval on web– statistical graphics– Technological consideration in interface design.			Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test
III	selection of window, selection of devices based and screen-based controls. Components – text and messages, Icons and increases – Multimedia, colors, uses problems, choosing colors.	15	CO3	Chalk and Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test
IV	HCI in the software process, The software lifecycle Usability engineering Iterative design and proto- typing Design Focus: Prototyping in practice Design rationale Design rules Principles to support usability Standards Golden rules and heuristics HCI patterns Evaluation techniques ,Goals of evaluation, Evaluation through expert analysis, Evaluation through user participation, Choosing an evaluation method. Universal design, Universal design principles Multi-modal interaction		CO4	Chalk and Talk, PPT, quiz, on the spot test
V	Cognitive models Goal and task hierarchies Design Focus: GOMS saves money Linguistic models The challenge of display-based systems Physical and device models Cognitive architectures Ubiquitous computing and	15	CO5	Seminar, PPT presentation

augmented realities Ubiquitous computing	
applications research Design Focus: Ambient	
Wood – augmenting the physical Virtual and	
augmented reality Design Focus: Shared	
experience Design Focus: Applications of	
augmented reality Information and data	
visualization Design Focus: Getting the size right.	
	1

Course Designer Ms.B.Yuvashree

	DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				C	lass: I	M.Sc	
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
II	Elective IV	230PITDSE2D	Advanced Software Engineering	4	5	25	75	100

Nature of the Course				
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented		
 ✓ 				

Course Objectives:

- 1. Analyze the approach to designing, developing, operating, and maintaining a software system.
- 2. Design a managing the technical aspects of the project, managing the project team, and managing the cost and schedule.
- 3. Recognize a Seeking an opportunity to work as a design engineer with an established company.
- 4. Determine a test strategy is to produce an understanding of the complete approach, tools, targets, and timing of test activities to be performed.
- 5. Examine the project's scope and feasibility to finalize and allocate the budget of a construction project.

Course Content:

UNIT	Details	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objecti ves
Ι	Introduction: A Generic View of Process - Process Models: The Waterfall Model-Incremental Model- Evolutionary Model-Specialized Model-The Unified Process-Agile Process - Agile process Models Exercise: Choose any one project and do the following exercises for the chosen project a. Student Result Management System b. Library management system c. Online course reservation system	15	Up to K4	CO1

	d. Railway reservation system			
	e. Recruitment system			
	f. Stock Maintenance System			
	Write the Problem Statement for a suggested			
	system of relevance			
	System Engineering: System Engineering Hierarchy			
	- System Modeling - Requirements Engineering:			
	Tasks- Initiating The Process-Eliciting		Up to	
	Requirements-Developing Use Cases- Negotiating		K4	
	Requirements-Validating Requirements - Building			
II	the Analysis Models: Data modeling concepts -	15		CO2
	Scenario based - Flow oriented - Class based			
	Modeling			
	Exercise:			
	Preparation of Software Requirement Specification			
	Document			
	Design Engineering: Design Concepts - Design			
	Models - Pattern Based Design - Architectural Design			
	- Component Level Design: Component - Class			
	Based and Conventional Components Design - User		Up to	
III	Interface Design: Analysis and Design	15	K4	CO3
	Exercise:			
	Draw DFD and Use Case diagram for the chosen			
	project using any CASE tools			
	Testing Strategies: Software Testing - Strategies:			
	Conventional - Object Oriented - Validation Testing			
	- System Testing: Recovery - Security - Stress -			
	Performance - Testing Tactics: Testing		Up to	
IV	Fundamentals- Black Box - White Box - Basis Path-	15	K5	CO4
	Control Structure			
	Exercise:			
	Develop test cases and perform various testing using			
	any one of the testing tools			
	Estimation : Software project Estimation - Empirical			
V	Estimation models - Risk management : Software	15	Up to	CO5
	č		K5	

Risks - Risk Identification - Risk Projection - Risk		
Mitigation, Monitoring and Management - Quality		
Management: Quality Concepts - Quality Assurance		
-SoftwareRelaibility		
QualityStandards.CaseStudy :Devops Tools		
Exercise:		
Perform Estimation of effort using FP Estimation for		
chosen system and prepare Gantt Chart/PERT Chart		
for the same.		

Text Books:

 Roger Pressman.S., (2005). "Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach", 6th Edition. Mcgraw Hill.

Reference Book(s)

- 1. Richard Failey,(2004). "Software Engineering Concepts". Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. P. Fleeger, (1999). "Software Engineering". Prentice Hall.
- 3. Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayari, Dino Mandrioli,(1991). "Fundamentals ofSoftwareEngineering".Prentice Hall Of India.
- 4. Sommerville,(1996). "Software Engineering" 5th Edition: Addison Wesley.

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. http://productdevelop.blogspot.in/2011/03/what-are-formal-technical-reviews-ftr.html
- 2. http://basicqafundamentals.blogspot.in/2011/03/difference-between-alpha-testingbeta.html
- 3. https://www.wiziq.com/tutorials/software-engineering
- 4. http://www.jkinfoline.com/software-engineering.html
- 5. http://www.freetutes.com/systemanalysis/
- http://www.softwaretestingstuff.com/2007/09/white-box-testing.html (Unit IV : White Box Testing)

Rationale for nature of Course:

Knowledge and Skill: Software developer skills are mathematical knowledge and a capacity for problem-solving to write source code, which is the sequence of words and symbols that allows a program to function.

Activities to be given: Software engineers spend their day solving problems in web applications and programs, writing code, attending meetings, and collaborating with their peers.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course , the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
C01	Recognize the software process models including the specification, design, implementation, and testing for a software project	K4
CO2	Use recent and advanced tools necessary for software project development, testing, management and reuse	K4
CO3	Compare and contrast various design, testing and quality issues	K4
CO4	Prioritize the requirements and risk accordingly that meet user expected performance, maintenance and quality	K5
CO5	Design software projects with well-defined architecture, modules, components and interfaces	K5

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CLO1	3	2	2	3	3	2
CLO2	3	2	2	3	3	2
CLO3	3	2	3	2	3	3
CLO4	3	3	2	3	3	3
CLO5	3	3	3	2	3	3

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Course Objecti ves	Mode of Teaching
	Introduction: A Generic View of Process - Process			
	Models: The Waterfall Model-Incremental Model-			
	Evolutionary Model-Specialized Model-The Unified			
	Process-Agile Process - Agile process Models			Chalk and
	Exercise:			Talk, PPT,
	Choose any one project and do the following			quiz, on the spot test
	exercises for the chosen project			
Ι	a. Student Result Management System	15	CO1	
	b. Library management system			
	c. Online course reservation system			
	d. Railway reservation system			
	e. Recruitment system			
	f. Stock Maintenance System			
	Write the Problem Statement for a suggested			
	system of relevance			
	System Engineering: System Engineering Hierarchy			
	- System Modeling - Requirements Engineering:			
	Tasks- Initiating The Process-Eliciting			C1 11 1
	Requirements-Developing Use Cases- Negotiating			Chalk and Talk, PPT,
	Requirements-Validating Requirements - Building			quiz, on the
II	the Analysis Models: Data modeling concepts -	15	CO2	spot test
	Scenario based - Flow oriented - Class based			
	Modeling			
	Exercise:			
	Preparation of Software Requirement Specification			
	Document			
	Design Engineering: Design Concepts - Design			
	Models - Pattern Based Design - Architectural Design			
	- Component Level Design: Component - Class	1-	963	CI 11 1
III	Based and Conventional Components Design - User	15	CO3	Chalk and Talk, PPT,
	Interface Design: Analysis and Design			quiz, on the spot test

	Exercise:			
	Draw DFD and Use Case diagram for the chosen			
	project using any CASE tools			
	Testing Strategies: Software Testing - Strategies:			
	Conventional - Object Oriented - Validation Testing			
	- System Testing: Recovery - Security - Stress -			
	Performance - Testing Tactics: Testing			Chalk and Talk, PPT,
IV	Fundamentals- Black Box - White Box - Basis Path-	15	CO4	quiz, on the
	Control Structure			spot test
	Exercise:			
	Develop test cases and perform various testing using			
	any one of the testing tools			
	Estimation : Software project Estimation - Empirical			
	Estimation models - Risk management : Software			
	Risks - Risk Identification - Risk Projection - Risk			
	Mitigation, Monitoring and Management - Quality			Seminar, PPT presentation
	Management: Quality Concepts - Quality Assurance			presentation
V	–Software Reliability	15	CO5	
	Quality Standards. Case Study :Devops Tools			
	Exercise:			
	Perform Estimation of effort using FP Estimation for			
	chosen system and prepare Gantt Chart/PERT Chart			
	for the same.			
	Total	75		

Course Designer Mrs.R.Boomadevi

	DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				C	lass: I I	M.Sc.	
Sem.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours / Week	CIA	SE	Total
	Skill	230PITSEC21	Multimedia	2	2	25	75	100
II	Enhancement Course – SEC 1							

Nature of the Course				
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented		
 ✓ 				

Course Objectives:

- 1. To familiarize the students with various approaches, methods of Animation Technology using Flash.
- 2. To enable students to manage animation from its conceptual stage to the final object creation.
- 3. To train students in applying Free transform tool to edit an object.
- 4. To develop competencies and skills needed to produce stills and moving images using Color and Text tools.
- 5. To apply Motion tweening Technique to an Animation Project.

Course Content:

UNIT	Details	No. of Hours	K Level	Course Objectives
I	What is Multimedia–IntroductiontomakingMacintoshandWindowsProductionplatformsSoftware tools.	6	Up to K4	CO1
п	Making Instant Multimedia– Multimedia authoring tools– Multimedia building blocks– Text– Sound	6	Up to K4	CO2
ш	Images–Animation–Video. Multimedia and the Internet–The Internet and how it works–Tools for World Wide Web– Designing for the World Wide Web.	6	Up to K4	CO3
IV	Multimedia and the Internet–The Internet and how it works–Tools	6		CO4

			L	
	for World Wide Web– Designing		Lin de K5	
	for the World Wide Web.		Up to K5	
	1. Basic tools used in Flash.			
	2. Develop a Flash application			
	using motion tween.			
	3. Develop a Flash application			
	using shape tween.			
	4. Develop a Flash application for			
	ball bouncing using motion guide	6	Up to K5	
	path.			
	5. Develop a Flash application for			
3.7	masking effect.			005
V	6. Develop a Flash application			CO5
	using layer based animation.			
	7. Develop a Flash application to			
	represent the growing moon			
	8. Write action script to play and			
	stop an animation.			
	9. Write action script to find the			
	biggest of three numbers.			
	10. Write action script to find the			
	factorial of a number			
	Total	30		

Text Books:

- 1) Tay Vaughan. *Multimedia making it work*. Tata McGraw Hill. Fifth Edition.
- 2) John.F. Koegel & Bufford, Multimedia Systems, Pearson Education.

Reference Book(s)

- Judith Jeffloate, "Multimedia in Practice (Technology and Applications)", PHI, 2003. Aditya Gupta, ShaliniGupta(2006). "*Flash-8 in simple steps*". Wiley India publication .New Delhi .First edition.
- 2) Ethan Watrall, Norbert Herber(2003). "Flash MX". BPB Publications New Delhi . First edition.
- 3) Kogent (2012)." Flash CS5 in simple steps". Dreamtech Press. New Delhi. First edition.
- 4) Phillip Kerman(2006). "*Macromedia Flash 8*".Dorling Kindersley (India) PvtLtd .Uttar Pradesh First Edition.
- Robert Reinhardt, Snow Dowd (2006). Macromedia Flash 8 Bible Wiley publishing Inc. New Delhi. First edition.
- 6) William B.Sanders, (2004). "Macromedia Flash MX Professional".

Websites and e-Learning resources

- 1. http://download.macromedia.com/pub/documentation/en/flash/mx2004/using_flash.pdf
- https://www.sthelens.k12.or.us/cms/lib/OR01000906/Centricity/Domain/186/Adobe%20Flas h%20Professional%20CS5%20Bible.pdf

Rationale for nature of Course:

- Knowledge and Skill: These include know that to draw, design, animate and merge different elements to create a motion besides essential soft skills.
- Activities to be given: Flash Animation is significantly used to create character animation for entertainment, education, business, and presentation

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COs	CLO Statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CO1	Create mastering traditional & digital tools to produce stills and moving images.	K1 to K4
CO2	Analyze the concept of animation using moving an object and editing the tools.	K1 to K4

	-	
CO3	Examine a layers to create in the proper place and filled shape,	K1 to K4
	text, or an instance of a symbol.	
CO4	Assume a type of animation that uses symbols to create	K1 to K5
04	movement, size and rotation changes, fades, and color effects.	
CO5	Determine the editing technique used to see several frames of an	K1 to K5
05	animation simultaneously.	

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CLO1	3	1	1	2	3	2
CLO2	3	1	1	1	3	2
CLO3	3	1	1	1	3	2
CLO4	3	1	2	3	3	2
CLO5	3	2	1	2	2	3

LESSON PLAN:

UNIT	Course Content	No. of Hours	Course Objectives	Mode of Teaching
I	What is Multimedia–Introduction to making Multimedia–Macintosh and Windows Production platforms – Basic Software tools.	6	C01	Chalk & Talk, PPT
II	Making Instant Multimedia–Multimedia authoring tools–Multimedia building blocks–Text– Sound.	6	CO2	Chalk & Talk, PPT
ш	Images–Animation–Video. Multimedia and the Internet–The Internet and how it works–Tools for World Wide Web– Designing for the World Wide Web.	6	CO3	Chalk & Talk, PPT
IV	Multimedia and the Internet–The Internet and how it works–Tools for World Wide Web– Designing for the World Wide Web.	6	CO4	Chalk & Talk, PPT, Group Discussion
v	1. Basic tools used in Flash.	6	CO5	Demo & Practical Session

Annexure - 2

Total	30	
of a number		
10. Write action script to find the factorial		
three numbers.		
9. Write action script to find the biggest of		
animation.		
8. Write action script to play and stop an		
the growing moon		
7. Develop a Flash application to represent		
based animation.		
6. Develop a Flash application using layer		
effect.		
5. Develop a Flash application for masking		
bouncing using motion guide path.		
4. Develop a Flash application for ball		
tween.		
3. Develop a Flash application using shape		
motion tween.		
2. Develop a Flash application using		

Course Designer Mrs.S.Sumathi

EVALUATION (PRACTICAL)

Internal (Formative)	: 40 marks
External (Summative)	: 60 marks
Total	: 100 marks

Question Paper Pattern for Internal Practical Examination: 40 Marks

S.No.	Components	Marks
1.	I – Major question	15
2.	II - Minor question	08
3.	III-Spotter (4 x 3)	12
4.	IV –Record book	05
	Total	40

Question Paper Pattern for External Practical Examination (Major) : 60 Marks

S.No.	Components	Marks
1.	I – Major question	20
2.	II - Minor question	15
3.	III-Spotter (4 x 5)	20
4.	IV –Record book	5
	Total	60

• In respect of external examinations passing minimum is **45%** for Post Graduate Courses and in total, aggregate of **50%**.

Latest amendments and revisions as per UGC and TANSCHE norm is taken into consideration to suit the changing trends in the curriculum.