

E.M.G.YADAVAWOMEN'SCOLLEGE,MADURAI-14.

(An Autonomous Institution – Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University)

(Re–accredited (3rdcycle) with Grade A⁺ and CGPA 3.51 by NAAC)

GENERIC ELECTIVE CHEMISTRY
(For I B.Sc., Zoology(w.e.f.2022–2023onwards)
CBCS with OBE

COURSE STRUCTURE - SEMESTER WISE

Sem	Part	Course Code	Title of the Course	Teachinghrs. (Per week)	Duration of exam (hrs)	Marks allotted			Credits
						CIA	SE	Total	
I	III	22OUZOGECHECH1/ 22OUMAGECH1	GEC– Chemistry –I - Inorganic,Organic & PhysicalChemistry	4	3	25	75	100	4
			GEC-Practical-1 Saltanalysis	2	-	-	-	-	-
II	III	22OUZOGECHECH2/ 22OUMAGECH2	GEC–Chemistry–II- Organic, Applied &Analytical Chemistry	4	3	25	75	100	4
		22OUZOGECHECH2P/ 22OUMAGECH2P	GEC-Practical- 1 Saltanalysis	2	3	40	60	100	1
III	III	22OUZOGECHECH3/ 22OUMAGECH3	GEC–Chemistry–III- Industrial Chemistry	4	3	25	75	100	4
			GEC-Practical- II VolumetricAnalysis	2	-	-	-	-	-
IV	III	22OUZOGECHECH4/ 22OUMAGECH4	GEC–Chemistry–IV- Medicinal,Green & Nano Chemistry	4	3	25	75	100	4
		22OUZOGECHECH4P/ 22OUMAGECH4P	GEC-Practical –II Volumetric Analysis	2	3	40	60	100	1

Department of Zoology and Mathematics					Class: IB.Sc			
Se m	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Contact Hours /Week	CIA	SE	Total
III	Generic Elective Course	22OUZOGCH3/ 22OUMAGECH3	Chemistry–III- Industrial Chemistry	4	4	25	75	100

Nature of the Course		
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented
✓		✓

Course Objectives:

1. To gain knowledge about the chemistry of important manufacturing process of match industry.
2. To gain the basic knowledge about manufacture and properties of cement and glass.
3. To understand the classification, manufacture and applications of fertilizers.
4. To achieve the knowledge on the preparation, and applications of natural rubber and synthetic rubber.
5. To analyze and apply the knowledge of plastics and paper industry.

Unit: I Match Industry and Explosives: Match industry: Introduction -composition-types of matches-raw materials need for safety matches- manufacturing process. Pyrotechnic: Introduction-composition of fireworks- colored smokes. Explosives: Introduction- preparation and uses of cordite and RDX.

Unit: II Silicate Industry: Cement: Introduction-composition of cement-raw materials need for manufacturing of Portland cement-manufacture of Portland cement by wet process and dry process-role of gypsum in the setting of cement. Glass: Introduction- characteristics of glass- physical and chemical properties- manufacture of glass (tank furnace method)-annealing- characteristics of Borosilicate glass, optical glass, colored glass, safety glass.

Unit: III Agricultural Chemistry: Fertilizer: Introduction-classification- role of various elements in plant growth-requirements of a good fertilizer-Manufacturing methods and applications of following fertilizers: ammonium sulphate, ammonium chloride, urea, super phosphate of lime, calcium cyanamide, calcium ammonium nitrate and NPK fertilizer.

Unit: IV Rubber Industry: Introduction-composition of natural rubber-occurrence and isolation of natural rubber - draw backs of raw rubber- vulcanization-properties of vulcanized rubber- synthetic rubber- preparation and applications of SBR rubber, neoprene rubber, butyl rubber and Thiokol- Distinction between natural rubber and synthetic rubber.

Unit: V Polymer and Paper Industry: Plastics: Introduction-characteristics of plastics- classification of plastics- differences between thermo setting and thermo plastics- preparation and applications of Bakelite, PVC, Polypropylene, Poly Styrene and Urea formaldehyde resin. Differences between plastics and resins. Paper industry: Introduction- raw materials and manufacturing process of paper- types of paper-paper industry in India.

Books for Study:

1. Arora M.G. & Singh M., “Industrial Chemistry” Anmol Publications, Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 1999.
2. Chakravorthy B.N., “Industrial Chemistry” Oxford & IBH Publishing & Co. PvtLtd., New Delhi, 1998.
3. Sharma B.K., “Industrial Chemistry” Tenth Edition, Krishna Prakashan Media (P) Ltd., Meerut, 1999.

Books for Reference:

1. Jain and Monika Jain, “Engineering Chemistry” Fifth Edition, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi, 1990.
2. Mahapatra G., “Elements of Industrial Chemistry”, Kalyani Publishers, NewDelhi, 2001.
3. Gowariker V.R, “Polymer Science”, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, New Delhi, 2005.

Web Resources / E.Books:

1. <https://www.chem.tamu.edu/class/majors/chem470/Notes.html>
2. <https://www.studocu.com/row/document/national-university-of-sciences-and-technology/applied-chemistry/industrial-chemistry-lecture-notes-1/9961442>
3. <http://ndl.ethernet.edu.et/bitstream/123456789/78703/1/Industrial%20Chemistry%20II%20module%20%20Chem451%20fina%28Submitted%29-1.pdf>

Pedagogy:

Chalk and Talk, Power Point presentations, Seminar, Group Discussion, Quiz through ICT Mode

Rationale for nature of Course:**Knowledge and Skill:**

Students can gain knowledge about Match Industry, Silicate Industry, Agricultural Chemistry, Polymer Chemistry, Rubber, Plastics and Paper Industry.

Activities to be given:

Lab activity given to students to identify and compare the Colour and Properties of the various substances, Assign them case study about agriculture in current era.

Course learning Outcomes (CLOs):

CLO	Course Out comes statements	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CLO1	Elaborate the concept of matches.	K1toK3
CLO2	Identify the properties and manufacture of cement and glass.	K1toK3
CLO3	Recognize the role of various elements in plant growth, application of fertilizers.	K1toK4
CLO4	Possess knowledge about natural rubber and synthetic rubber.	K1toK3
CLO5	Apply the knowledge of manufacturing plastics and paper and possess the potential on the usage and application of plastics, paper in the life habitat.	K1toK4

K1-Remembering and recalling facts with specific answers

K2- Basic understanding of facts and stating main ideas with general answers

K3-Application oriented-Solving Problems

K4-Examining,analyzing,presentationandmakeinferenceswithevidences

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CLO1	2	2	1	1	2	2
CLO2	2	2	2	1	2	1
CLO3	3	2	1	2	1	3
CLO4	2	3	2	2	3	2
CLO5	3	2	2	1	2	3

1-BasicLevel

2-IntermediateLevel

3-AdvancedLevel

LESSONPLAN:TOTAL HOURS(60Hrs)

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	Hrs	MODE
I	Match industry: Introduction -composition-types of matches-raw materials need for safety matches- manufacturing process. Pyrotechnic: Introduction-composition of fireworks- colored smokes. Explosives: Introduction- preparation and uses of cordite and RDX.	10	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion , OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs.
II	Cement: Introduction-composition of cement-raw materials need for manufacturing of Portland cement-manufacture of Portland cement by wet process and dry process-role of gypsum in the setting of cement. Glass: Introduction- characteristics of glass- physical and chemical properties- manufacture of glass (tank furnace method)-annealing- characteristics of Borosilicate glass, optical glass, colored glass, safety glass.	12	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion, OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs.
III	Fertilizer: Introduction-classification- role of various elements in plant growth-requirements of a good fertilizer- Manufacturing methods and applications of following fertilizers: ammonium sulphate, ammonium chloride, urea, super phosphate of lime, calcium cyanamide, calcium ammonium nitrate and NPK fertilizer.	12	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion , OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs
IV	Rubber Industry: Introduction-composition of natural rubber- occurrence and isolation of natural rubber - draw backs of raw rubber- vulcanization-properties of vulcanized rubber- synthetic rubber- preparation and applications of SBR rubber, neoprene rubber, butyl rubber and Thiokol- Distinction between natural rubber and synthetic rubber.	13	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion , OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs
V	Polymer and Paper Industry: Introduction-characteristics of plastics-classification of plastics- differences between thermo setting and thermo plastics- preparation and applications of Bakelite, Polythene, PVC, Polypropylene, Poly Styrene and Urea formaldehyde resin. Differences between plastics and resins. Paper industry: Introduction-raw materials and manufacturing process of paper- types of paper-paper industry in India.	13	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion, OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs.

Course Designer:
Dr.(Mrs).M.Sangeetha

Department of Zoology and Mathematics					Class:IB.Sc			
Sem	Category	CourseCode	CourseTitle	Credits	Contact Hours /Week	CIA	SE	Total
IV	Generic Elective Course	22OUZOGCH4/ 22OUMAGECH4	Chemistry –IV - Medicinal, Green & Nano Chemistry	4	4	25	75	100

Nature of the Course		
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented
✓	✓	

Course Objectives :

1. To learn about classification, application of Anaesthetics, Analgesics and Antipyretics
2. To become familiar with Sulpha Drugs, Antibiotics and Antiseptics.
3. To learn the chemistry of Hypnotics, Sedatives and Tranquilizers
4. To study the nature of Green Chemistry.
5. To learn various synthesis techniques of Nanoparticles.

Unit: I Anaesthetics, Analgesics and Antipyretics: Anaesthetics: Definition-characteristics-classification-application of nitrous oxide, chloroform and cocaine. Analgesics: Definition-mode of action-specific applications of antipyrine, aspirin, ibuprofen. Antipyretics: Definition-mode of action-medicinal uses of salol and paracetamol (Synthesis not required).

Unit: II Sulpha Drugs, Antibiotics and Antiseptics: Sulpha drugs: Definition-mode of action-applications of sulphanilamide, sulphapyridine and sulphadiazine. Antibiotics: Definition-characteristics- mode of action- structure and uses of the following antibiotics- penicillins, streptomycin, chloramphenicol, erythromycin and tetracyclins. Antiseptics: Definition-types of antiseptics-difference between antiseptic and disinfectant (preparation not required).

Unit: III Hypnotics, Sedatives and Tranquilizers: Hypnotics and Sedatives: Definition - types (alcohols-aldehydes, ketones and sulphones- urethans-amides and urea-barbiturates) - applications of chloral, paraldehyde, sulphonal and barbituric acid. Tranquilizer: Definition-characteristics-classification-applications of piperadol and hydroxyzine (preparation not required).

Unit: IV Green Chemistry: Need for Green chemistry-Goals of Green chemistry-Limitations/Obstacles-The progress of Green chemistry-Twelve principles of Green chemistry-Concept of Atom economy (Rearrangement reactions, Addition reactions, Substitution reactions

and Elimination reactions)-Concept of selectivity (Chemoselectivity, Regioselectivity, Enantioselectivity and Diastereoselectivity)

UNIT: IV Nano Chemistry: Characterisation of Nanomaterials-Stability of Colloidal solutions-Synthesis of metal Nanoparticles by physical methods (Laser Ablation, Physical Vapour Deposition (Evaporation and Sputtering) -Synthesis by chemical methods (Thermolysis, Sonochemical Approach, Reduction by hydrogen, and Alkali metal reductions)-Biosynthesis of Nanoparticles.

Text Books:

1. Ashotosh Kaur, “*Medicinal Chemistry*”, 3rd Edition, New Age International Pvt Limited, New Delhi, 2006.
2. Bagavathi Sundari. K., “*Applied Chemistry*”, MJP Publishers, Chennai, 2006.
3. Kumar V., “*An Introduction to Green Chemistry*”, First Edition, Vishal Publishing Co., New Delhi, 2007.
4. Ownes F.J., “*Introduction to Nanotechnology*”, Academic Press, Santiago, 2000.

Reference books:

1. Bhalarao Marry & Giragon, “*Pharmaceutical Chemistry*”, Himalaya Publishing House, Ramdoot, 2001.
2. Ahulwalia V.K. Kidwai M., “*New Trends in Green Chemistry*”, Second Edition, Anamaya Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Kenneth & Klabunde J., “*Nanoscale Materials in Chemistry*”, Wiley Interscience, 2001.
4. Sanghi. R. & Srivastava M.M., “*Green Chemistry*”, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.

Web Resources / E.Books:

1. [https://uogqueensmcf.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/BA%20Modules//Pharmacy/Year%20II%20\(semester%202\)/Medicinal%20Chemistry%20I/Reference%20books/MC%20Ashutoshkar.pdf](https://uogqueensmcf.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/BA%20Modules//Pharmacy/Year%20II%20(semester%202)/Medicinal%20Chemistry%20I/Reference%20books/MC%20Ashutoshkar.pdf)
2. https://books.google.co.in/books?id=QicDwAAQBAJ&printsec=frontcover&source=gbs_ge_summary_r&cad=0#v=onepage&q&f=false
3. <http://repo.upertis.ac.id/1907/1/NANOSCALE%20MATERIALS%20IN%20CHEMISTRY.pdf>

Pedagogy:

Chalk and Talk method, PowerPoint presentations, Seminar, Group Discussion, Quiz through ICT-Mode

Rationale for nature of Course:**Knowledge and Skill:**

Students can learn about Anaesthetics, Analgesics, Antipyretics, Sulpha Drugs, Antibiotics Antiseptics, Hypnotics, Sedatives, Tranquilizers, Green Chemistry and Nano Chemistry

Activities to be given:

Assign students to submit case study on green chemistry preparing ppt on nanotechniques.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

CLO	Course Outcomes statement	Knowledge According to Bloom's Taxonomy (Upto K level)
CLO1	Possess fundamental concepts on Anaesthetics, Analgesics and Antipyretics	K1 to K3
CLO2	Recognize Sulpha Drugs, Antibiotics and Antiseptics	K1 to K3
CLO3	Elaborate different forms of Hypnotics, Sedatives and Tranquilizers	K1 to K4
CLO4	Attain brief knowledge on green chemistry	K1 to K3
CLO5	Practice recent techniques in nano industries and laboratories by attaining knowledge Through theoretical studies in current scenario	K1 to K4

K1-Remembering and recalling facts with specific answers

K2- Basic understanding of facts and stating main ideas with general answers

K3-Application oriented-Solving Problems

K4-Examining, analyzing, presentation and make inferences with evidences

Mapping of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) with Programme Outcomes (POs)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CLO1	3	2	2	1	2	2
CLO2	2	2	2	1	2	1
CLO3	2	2	3	2	2	2
CLO4	3	3	2	2	3	3
CLO5	3	2	3	2	3	3

1-Basic Level

2-Intermediate Level

3-Advanced Level

LESSON PLAN:TOTAL HOURS(60Hrs)

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	Hrs	MODE
I	Anaesthetics:Definition-characteristics-classification-application of nitrous oxide, chloroform and cocaine. Analgesics: Definition-mode of action-specific applications of antipyrine, aspirin, ibuprofen. Antipyretics: Definition-mode of action-medicinal uses of salol and paracetamol.	12	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion, OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs.
II	Sulpha drugs: Definition-mode of action-applications of sulphanilamide, sulphapyridine and sulphadiazine. Antibiotics: Definition- characteristics- mode of action-structure and uses of the following antibiotics- penicillins, streptomycin, chloramphenicol, erythromycin and tetracyclins. Antiseptics: Definition-types of antiseptics-difference between antiseptic and disinfectant.	12	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion, OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs.
III	Hypnotics and Sedatives: Definition - types (alcohols-aldehydes, ketones and sulphones- urethans- amides and urea-barbiturates) - applications of chloral, paraldehyde, sulphonal and barbituric acid. Tranquilizer: Definition-characteristics-classification-applications of piperadol and hydroxyzine.	12	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion, OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs
IV	Need for Green chemistry-Goals of Green chemistry-Limitations/Obstacles-The progress of Green chemistry-Twelve principles of Green chemistry-Concept of Atom economy (Rearrangement reactions, Addition reactions, Substitution reactions and Elimination reactions)-Concept of selectivity (Chemoselectivity, Regioselectivity, Enantioselectivity and Diastereoselectivity)	12	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion, OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs
V	Characterisation of Nano materials-Stability of Colloidal solutions-Synthesis of metal Nanoparticles by physical methods (Laser Ablation, Physical Vapour Deposition (Evaporation and Sputtering) -Synthesis by chemical methods (Thermolysis, Sonochemical Approach, Reduction by hydrogen, and Alkali metal reductions)-Biosynthesis of Nanoparticles.	12	Chalk and Talk,PPT, groupdiscussion, OHPpresentations, quiz,on the spot test andVirtual Labs.

Course Designer:
Dr. (Mrs).M.Sangeetha

Department of Zoology and Mathematics			Class: IB.Sc					
Semester	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Hours	CIA	SE	Total
III&IV	Generic Elective Course	22OUZOGCH4P2 /2OUMAGECH4P2	Practical – II Volumetric Analysis	1	2	40	60	100

Nature of the Course		
Knowledge and Skill Oriented	Employability Oriented	Entrepreneurship oriented
✓	✓	

Volumetric analysis (Question model)

You are given a solution containing Sodium carbonate. To estimate volumetrically the weight of Sodium carbonate present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with approximately decinormal solution of hydrochloric acid and a standard solution of Sodium hydroxide Containing g / L.

S.No.	Standard	Link	Solution to be estimated
1.	Na OH	HCl	Na ₂ CO ₃
2.	FeSO ₄	KMnO ₄	Mohr's salt
3.	NaOH	C ₂ H ₂ O ₄	KMnO ₄
4.	Na ₂ CO ₃	HCl	NaOH
5.	Mohr's salt	KMnO ₄	FeSO ₄
6.	HCl	NaOH	C ₂ H ₂ O ₄

Books for references:

1. Malligarjunan U.M, “Practical Chemistry”, Radha publications
2. Ramasamy.R, “ Ancillary Chemistry Practical Book-1”, Priya publications

Web resources/e-books

https://www.academia.edu/12554372/Inorganic_Quantitative_Analysis_Lab_Manual_by_Rupam_Raha
<http://akimya.pharmacy.ankara.edu.tr/wp-content/uploads/sites/43/2018/08/ANALYTICAL-CHEMISTRY-LAB-MANUAL-1-Qualitative-analysis.pdf>

Pedagogy

Chalk and talk, laboratory practices, group discussion.

LESSON PLAN FOR PRACTICAL(Totalhours:60)

S.no	Description	Hours	Mode
1.	Instruction	4	Demonstration , Chalk and Talk, Discussion
2.	Demonstration		
	Demonstration for estimation of given solution	4	Demonstration, Chalk and Talk, Discussion
	Demonstration for estimation of given solution	4	Demonstration , Chalk and Talk, Discussion
3.	Estimation of Na_2CO_3 (2)	6	Demonstration , Chalk and Talk, Discussion
4.	Estimation of Mohr's salt(2)	6	Demonstration, Chalk and Talk, Discussion
5.	Estimation of KMnO_4 (2)	6	Demonstration , Chalk and Talk, Discussion
6.	Estimation of NaOH (2)	6	Demonstration, Chalk and Talk, Discussion
7.	Estimation of FeSO_4 (2)	6	Demonstration , Chalk and Talk , Discussion
8.	Estimation of $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}_4$ (2)	6	Demonstration , Chalk and Talk, Discussion
9.	Revision	6	
10.	Model test(2)	6	

Course Designer:
Dr.(Mrs).M.Sangeetha

EVALUATION (PRACTICAL)

Internal (Formative)	: 40 marks
External (Summative)	: 60 marks
Total	:100 marks

Question Paper Pattern for Internal Practical Examination:40 Marks

Components	Marks
Procedure	10
Experiment	30
Total	40

Question Paper Pattern for External Practical Examination (Major):60Marks

S.No	Components	Marks
1.	Procedure	10
2.	Experiment	40
3.	Record book	10
	Total	60

In respect of external examinations passing minimum is **35% for Under Graduate Courses** and in total, **aggregate of 40%.**

Latest amendments and revisions as per **UGC** and **TANSCH** norm is taken into consideration to suit the changing trends in the curriculum.

Allotment of Marks for Volumetric Analysis